

13. a) A tension member consists of two angle sections and carries a load of 210 kN. Design the member when both the angles are connected on the same side of the gusset plate. 13,K3,CO4

OR

- b) Design a tension member carrying a load 600 kN. The length of the member is 2.5m. The member is connected to 12mm thick gusset plate 20mm bolts. 13,K3,CO4

14. a) Design a built-up column with single angle lacing system to carry a load of 400 kN. The length of the column is 6 m. It is restrained in rotation but not in direction at both the ends 13,K3,CO5

OR

- b) Design a column with double lacing system to carry a factored axial load of 1800 kN. The effective height of column is 4.5m. Use two channels placed back to back. 13,K3,CO5

15. a) Design an angle purlin for a roof with the following data. 13,K3,CO6

Span of truss : 8m
Spacing of truss : 4m c/c
Pitch of truss : $\frac{1}{4}$
Spacing of purlins along the slope truss: 2m c/c
Roof coverings : Asbestos sheets
Basic wind pressure : 1.5 kN/sq.m

OR

- b) Find the suitable design for a simply supported steel joist with a 4 m effective span carries a udl of 40kN/m over its span inclusive of self weight. The beam is laterally unsupported. Take $f_y = 250\text{N/mm}^2$. 13,K3,CO6

PART - C (1 × 15 = 15 Marks)

16. a) Explain about i) Working stress Method ii) Limit state Method in design of steel elements. 15,K2,CO2

OR

- b) Explain the concept of allowable stress design of angle, tension and compression members 15,K2,CO2