		Reg. No.						
	Question Paper Co	de 1	1703]			
	B.E. / B.Tech DEGREE EX	AMINATI	ONS.	NOV	DE	C 20	22	
Third Semester								
Electronics and Instrumentation Engineering								
(Common to Instrumentation and Control Engineering)								
	20EIPC302 - SENSORS	S AND TR	ANSD	UCE	RS			
	(Regulati	ions 2020)						
Dur	ation: 3 Hours					Max	. Mai	ks: 100
PART - A (10 × 2 = 20 Marks) Answer ALL Questions								
1.	Classify Standards.							Marks, K-Level,CO 2,K1,CO1
2.	A series circuit is having three resistances given by R1= 37 Ω +5%, R2= 75 Ω +5%, R3= 50 Ω +5%. Determine the total resistance and limiting error							2,K2,CO1
3.	3. Obtain the steady state error for the first order system when subjected to 2,K2,CO2 unit impulse input.							2,K2,CO2
4.	Define time constant and dynamic erro	r.						2,K1,CO2
5.	Explain the characteristics of RTD.							2,K2,CO3
6.	Write the principle of a hot wire anemo	ometer. »						2,K2,CO3
7.	Write few applications of LVDT.							2,K2,CO4
8.	Define the principle of Capacitor Micro	ophone.						2,K1,CO4
9.	Compare and contrast digital and analog	g transduce	ers.					2,K2,CO5
10.	Mention the few advantages of Magnet	to elastic se	nsors.					2,K2,CO5

PART - B $(5 \times 13 = 65 \text{ Marks})$ Answer ALL Questions

a) (i) Explain the different classification of errors in the measurement 8,K2,CO1 System.
(ii)Describe the various factors affecting the selection of transducers. 5,K2,CO1

OR

b) In a test, temperature is measured 100 times with variations in ^{13,K3,CO1} apparatus and procedures. After supplying corrections, the results are

Temp in degree C	397	398	399	400	401	402	403	404	405
Frequency	1	3	12	23	37	16	4	2	2

Find the (i) Mean (ii) Average deviation (iii) Standard deviation (iv) probable error of one reading (v) the probable error of mean (vi) Range (vii) variance (viii) standard deviation of standard deviation.

K1 – Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 – Apply; K4 – Analyze,	; K5 – Evaluate; K6 – Create	11703
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12.	a)	Derive the Step response of the Second order system for under damped critically damped and undamped conditions. OR	13,K2,CO2
	b)	Describe the static characteristics of transducer with appropriate sketches.	13,K2,CO2
13.	a)	(i) Explain the construction, working principle of Thermistor.	6,K2,CO3
		(ii) Derive the Gauge factor of strain gauge.	7,K2,CO3
		OR	
	b)	Explain the function of RTD with two, three and four lead configurations.	13,K2,CO3
14.	a)	Describe the principle of operation, construction details, and characteristics of LVDT.	13,K2,CO4
	1.)	OR CONTRACTOR	
	0)	(1) A capacitive transducer has two plates of area 20cm ² each, separated by an air gap of 4 mm thickness. Find the displacement sensitivity due to gap change.	/,K2,CO4
		(ii) The output of an LVDT is 15 V for a displacement of 14.5mm.	6,K2,CO4
		Determine the output voltage for a core displacement of 10mm.	
15.	a)	Describe MEMS technology. Explain different manufacturing processes for MEMS.	13,K2,CO5
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	6)	(1) Explain two different types of Digital transducers in detail.	/, K2, CO5
		(11) Explain the working principle of Nano Sensor.	0, A2, COJ
		PART - C (1 × 15 = 15 Marks)	
16.	a)	Describe the principle of operation, construction details, and characteristics of Piezoelectric transducer and derive an expression for	15,K2,CO5

OR

voltage sensitivity.

8,K2,CO5 b) (i) Explain the construction and working of Fiber optic sensors. 7,K2,CO5 (ii) Explain the working of air pollution environmental sensor.

K1 – Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 – Apply; K4 – Analyze; K5 – Evaluate; K6 – Create 2

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