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Question Paper Code	21321
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M.E. / M.Tech. - DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, NOV/DEC 2022

First Semester

M.E. - Communication Systems

20PCOPC101 - ADVANCED RADIATION SYSTEMS

(Regulations 2020)

Duration: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 100

PART - A (10 × 2 = 20 Marks)

Answer ALL Questions

- | | <i>Marks,
K-Level, CO</i> |
|---|-------------------------------|
| 1. State Huygen's principle. | 2,K1,CO2 |
| 2. List the merits and demerits of offset feed reflector antenna. | 2,K1,CO2 |
| 3. Differentiate FNBW and HPBW. | 2,K1,CO3 |
| 4. The phased array called as the scanning array. Prove the statement using suitable formula. | 2,K2,CO3 |
| 5. Describe the radiation mechanism of microstrip dipole antenna. | 2,K1,CO4 |
| 6. List the applications of microstrip array antenna. | 2,K1,CO4 |
| 7. List the antenna configurations used in base stations. | 2,K1,CO5 |
| 8. State the suitable location of antenna on a regular passenger car. | 2,K1,CO5 |
| 9. Outline the features of an anechoic chamber and mention its uses. | 2,K2,CO6 |
| 10. Demonstrate the instruments required to accomplish an antenna measurement task. | 2,K1,CO6 |

PART - B (5 × 13 = 65 Marks)

Answer ALL Questions

11. a) Describe in detail the field equivalence principle and derive radiation equations for aperture antenna. 13,K1,CO2
- OR**
- b) Derive the electric and magnetic field equations for a rectangular aperture on an infinite ground plane. 13,K1,CO2
12. a) Derive the expression for antenna array factor for a N-element array. Explain its significance. 13,K1,CO3
- OR**
- b) Derive the parameters of broadside array, end fire array and Hansen – Woodyard array and compare the expressions obtained. 13,K1,CO3

K1 – Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 – Apply; K4 – Analyze; K5 – Evaluate; K6 – Create

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13. a) Using suitable diagram and equations, explain the design procedure involved in the Microstrip array and feed network design. *13.K1.CO4*

OR

- b) Derive and explain the rectangular patch antenna in transmission line model. *13.K1.CO4*

14. a) (i) Analyze the Principles and requirements of UWB antenna and discuss its characterization parameters. *6.K1.CO5*

(ii) Interpret the features of Vivaldi antenna. *7.K1.CO5*

OR

- b) Discuss the operation and applications of antenna
(i) PIFA antenna *6.K1.CO5*

(ii) Automobile antennas. *7.K1.CO5*

15. a) Assess the nature of absorbing material and the anechoic chamber. Explain the design aspect of anechoic chamber. *13.K2.CO6*

OR

- b) (i) With neat diagrams, explain how transmitter and receiver antenna factors are measured. *7.K1.CO6*

(ii) Discuss the issues related to EMC in detail. *6.K1.CO6*

PART - C (1 × 15 = 15 Marks)

16. a) (i) The normalized radiation intensity of an antenna is represented by $U = \cos^2\theta \cos^2(3\theta)$, ($0 \leq \theta \leq 90^\circ$, $0 \leq \phi \leq 360^\circ$). Find the half-power beam width and first-null beam width in radians and degrees. *8.K2.CO1*

(ii) The radial component of the radiated power density of an antenna is given by $W_{\text{rad}} = \mathbf{a}_r A_0 \sin\theta / r^2 \text{ W/m}^2$, find the maximum directivity of the antenna. Write an expression for the directivity as a function of the directional angles θ and ϕ . *7.K2.CO1*

OR

- b) (i) The radiation intensity of an antenna is given by $U(\theta, \phi) = B_0 \sin\theta \sin^2\phi$, $0 \leq \theta \leq \pi$, $0 \leq \phi \leq \pi$, and 0 elsewhere. *10.K1.CO1*

(ii) Determine the maximum directivity using numerical techniques. Compare it with the exact value. *5.K2.CO1*