	Reg. No.									
	Question Paper Code12752									
B.E. / B.Tech DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, APRIL / MAY 2024										
Fourth Semester										
Electronics and Communication Engineering										
(Common to Computer and Communication Engineering)										
20BSMA401 - PROBABILITY THEORY AND STOCHASTIC PROCESSES										
Regulations - 2020										
(Use of Statistical Tables is permitted)										
Du	ration: 3 Hours	Max.	Ma	rks: 100						
	PART - A $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks})$ Answer ALL Questions	Marks $\frac{K}{Level}$ CO								
1.	If X and Y are independent random variables with variances 2 and 3. the variance of $3X + 4Y$.	Find	2	K2 CO1						
2.	Find E(X), if moment generating function of X is $\left(\frac{1}{4} + \frac{3}{4}e^t\right)^5$		2	K2 CO1						
3.	Show that $\frac{2}{5}(2x + 3y)$, $0 \le x \le 1$, $0 \le y \le 1$ is a joint pdf of X and Y.		2	K2 CO2						
4.	Write regression coefficients.		2	K1 CO2						
5.	Define stationary.		2	KI CO3						
6.	The autocorrelation function of a stationary random process is		2	K2 CO3						
	$R(\tau) = 16 + \frac{9}{1+16\tau^2}$. Find the mean and variance of the process.									
7.	Define Bernoulli Random Process.		2	KI CO4						
8.	Let A= $\begin{bmatrix} 01\\ \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$ be a stochastic matrix. Check whether it is regular.		2	K2 CO4						
9.	Define memory less system.		2	K1 CO5						
10.	Check whether the system $y(t) = t x(t)$ is linear.		2	K2 CO5						
	PART - B (5 × 16 = 80 Marks)									

Answer ALL Questions

a) A random variable *X* has the following probability distribution. 11. a)

X	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
P(x)	0	K	2 <i>K</i>	2 <i>K</i>	3 <i>K</i>	K^2	$2K^2$	$7K^2 + K$
4.								

Find:

The value of K. (i).

(ii). P(1.5 < X < 4.5 / X > 2).

- (iii). Evaluate P(X < 6), $P(X \ge 6)$, and P(0 < X < 5).
- (iv). The smallest value of *n* for which $P(X \le n) > \frac{1}{2}$.

(v). Find the distribution function of X.

K1 – Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 – Apply; K4 – Analyze; K5 – Evaluate; K6 – Create

12752

16 K3 CO1

OR

- b) i) The daily consumption of milk in the city in excess of 20,000 liters is 8 K3 CO1 approximately exponential distribution. The average excess in consumption of milk is 3000 litres. The city has a daily stock of 35000 litres. What is the probability that 2 days selected at random the stock is insufficient for both the days.
 - ii) A newly constructed township 2000 electric lamps are installed with 8 K3 CO1 average life of 1000 burning hours and standard deviation 200 hours. Assuming that the life of lamp follows normal distribution. Find

 i) Number of lamps expected fails during first 700 hours ii) In what period of burning hours 10% of the lamps failed.
- 12. a) The joint probability mass function of (X, Y) is given by P(x, y) = k(2x + 3y), x = 0,1,2; y = 1,2,3. Find all the marginal and conditional probability distributions. Also, find the probability distribution of (X + Y) and (X + Y> 3).

OR

b) Two random variables X and Y have joint density function of X and Y ¹⁶ K³ CO² is

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} 2 - x - y, 0 \le x \le 1, 0 \le y \le 1\\ 0, otherwise \end{cases}$$
. Find Cov (X, Y) and the correlation coefficient between X and Y.

13. a) i) The process $\{X(t)\}$ whose probability distribution under certain ¹⁰ K3 CO3 condition is given by

$$P\{X(t) = n\} = \begin{cases} \frac{(at)^{n-1}}{(1+at)^{n+1}}, & n = 1,2 \dots \\ \frac{at}{1+at}, & n = 0 \end{cases}$$
. Find the mean and variance

of the process. Is the process first-order stationary?

ii) The power spectral density of a random process $\{X(t)\}$ is given by 6 K3 CO3 $S_{XX}(\omega) = \begin{cases} \pi, if |\omega| < 1 \\ 0, elsewhere \end{cases}$ Find its autocorrelation function.

OR

- b) i) The auto correlation function of a random telegraph signal process is 8 K3 CO3 given by $R_{XX}(\tau) = A^2 e^{-2\alpha|\tau|}$. Determine the PSD of the random telegraph signal.
 - ii) Find the cross-correlation function of the cross-power spectrum of real 8 K3 CO3 random process $\{X(t)\}$ given by

$$S_{XY}(\omega) = \begin{cases} a + jb\omega, \text{ for } -1 < \omega < 1, \\ 0, & elsewhere \end{cases}$$

14. a) If $\{X(t)\}$ is a Gaussian process with $\mu(t) = 10$ and $C(t_1, t_2) = 16e^{-|t_1 - t_2|}$, find the probability that (i) $X(10) \le 8$, (ii) $|X(10) - X(6)| \le 4$.

OR

K1 – Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 – Apply; K4 – Analyze; K5 – Evaluate; K6 – Create 12752

- b) i) Prove that the sum of two independent Poisson processes is again a 8 K3 CO4 Poisson process.
 - ii) A housewife buys 3 kinds of cereals A, B and C. She never buys the 8 K3 CO4 same cereal in successive weeks. If she buys cereal A, the next week she buys cereal B. However, if she buys B and C, the next week she is 3 times as likely to buy A as the other cereal. In the long run how often, she buys each of the 3 cereals?
- 15. a) A random process X(t) with $R_{XX}(\tau) = e^{-2|\tau|}$ is the output to a linear ¹⁶ K3 CO5 system whose impulse response is $h(t) = 2e^{-t}$,

 $t \ge 0$. Find (i) Cross correlation $R_{XY}(\tau)$

(ii) Cross spectral density $S_{XY}(\omega)$

(iii) Power spectral density $S_{XX}(\omega)$ between the input process x(t) and the output process Y(t).

OR

- b) i) If the input to a time-invariant, stable, linear system is WSS process, 8 K3 CO5 prove that the output will also be a WSS process.
 - ii) Suppose the input X(t) to a linear time invariance system is white 8 K3 CO5 noise. Find the power spectral density of the output process Y(t) if the

system response $H(\omega)$ is given by $H(\omega) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } \omega_1 < |\omega| < \omega_2 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$.