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Question Paper Code 13061

B.E. / B.Tech. - DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, NOV / DEC 2024

Sixth Semester

Computer Science and Business Systems 20CBEL609 - ADVANCE FINANCE

Regulations - 2020

D	uration: 3 Hours Ma	x. Mar	ks: 10	00
	PART - A (MCQ) $(20 \times 1 = 20 \text{ Marks})$		K _	
	Answer ALL Questions	Marks	Level	co
1.	Debentures represent;		<i>K1</i>	CO1
	(a) Fixed capital of the company (b) Permanent capital of the company	1		
	(c) Fluctuating capital of the company (d) Loan capital of the company			
2.	Internal sources of capital are those that are;	1	<i>K1</i>	CO1
	(a) Generated through outsiders such as suppliers			
	(b) Generated through loans from commercial banks			
	(c) Generated through issue of shares			
	(d) Generated within the business			
3.	Which is the source of mid-term finance?	1	K1	CO1
	(a) Micro Credit (b) Specialized Financial Institution			
	(c) Collect Advances from Purchasers (d) Discounting the Bills Receivable			~~.
4.	What is the main characteristic of equity financing?	1	K1	CO1
_	(a) Must be repaid (b) Interest based (c) Ownership stake (d) Government funded			~~
5.	What is the process of determining which long-term or fixed assets to acquire in an effort	1	K1	CO2
	to maximize shareholder value?			
	(a) Business finance (b) Capital budgeting			
	(c) Investments (d) Financial markets and institutions	1	V 1	CO2
6.	A bond issue may be retired by:	1	K1	CO2
	(a) calling the bonds if there is a call feature			
	(b) converting the bonds (if convertible) into common stock			
	(c) making a single-sum payment at final maturity			
7.	(d) all of the above Protective covenants are:	1	K1	CO2
7.	(a) to protect employees (b) to protect the interests of the company	-	111	002
	(c) to protect shareholders (d) to protect bondholders			
8.	Which of the following bonds offer the investor the most protection?	1	<i>K1</i>	CO2
0.	(a) First-mortgage bonds (b) Debentures			
	(c) Subordinated debentures (d) Income bonds			
9.	The call-option value of a callable bond is likely to be high when	1	<i>K1</i>	CO3
	(a) interest rates are volatile			
	(b) interest rates are low and expected to remain low			
	(c) interest rate are high and expected to remain high			
	(d) markets are inefficient			
10.	Treasury stock is	1	<i>K1</i>	CO3
	(a) bonds and preferred stock (b) bonds and common stock			
	(c) preferred stock and common stock (d) only common stock			
11.	If an investor may have to sell a bond prior to maturity and interest rates have risen sinc	e 1	K1	CO3
	the bond was purchased, the investor is exposed to;			
	(a) the coupon effect (b) interest rate risk (c) a perpetuity (d) an indefinite maturity	1		

(a) move in the same direction (b) move in opposite directions (c) sometimes move in the same direction, sometimes in opposite directions (d) have no relationship with each other (i.e., they are independent) In the formula $k_e = (D_1/P_0) + g$, what does g represent? (a) the expected price appreciation yield from a common stock (b) the expected dividend yield from a common stock (c) the dividend yield from a preferred stock (d) the interest payment from a bond.	1	K1	CO4
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Beta is the slope of	1	<i>K1</i>	CO4
(a) the security market line (b) the capital market line			
(c) a characteristic line (d) the CAPM			
A measure of "risk per unit of expected return."	1	<i>K1</i>	CO4
Marketable securities are primarily	1	K1	CO4
(a) short-term debt instruments (b) short-term equity securities			
(c) long-term debt instruments (d) long-term equity securities			
Time consumed in clearing a check through the banking system	1	<i>K1</i>	CO5
(a) Processing float (b) Deposit float (c) Collection float (d) Availability float			
Commercial paper is essentially,	1	K1	CO5
(a) another term for a junk bond			
(b) a short-term unsecured corporate IOU			
(c) an intermediate-term corporate bond			
(d) a certificate that may be exchanged for a share of common stock at a specified			
future date			
Which of the following marketable securities is the obligation of a commercial bank?	1	<i>K1</i>	CO5
(a) Commercial paper (b) Negotiable certificate of deposit			
(c) Repurchase agreement (d) T-bills			
The movement of business data electronically in a structured, computer-readable format	1	<i>K1</i>	CO5
(a) EFT (b) ED I(c) SWIFT (d) CHIPS			
PART - B $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks})$			
	2	<i>K1</i>	CO1
	2	<i>K1</i>	CO1
			CO2
Compare between cash dividend and retained earnings.	2	K2	CO2
Choose any two characteristics of a leasing contract.	2	K1	CO3
Relate the term Current assets and Current Liability.	2	<i>K1</i>	CO3
·	2	K2	CO4
Explain the term merger and acquisition.	2	K2	CO4
		112	
		V^{2}	COL
Interpret the Working capital results from the give details:	2	K2	CO5
Cash Rs. 10000, Debtors Rs. 20000, Bills Receivable Rs. 5000, Stock Rs. 3000,	2	K2	CO5
	2	K2 K1	CO5
	(a) standard deviation (b) coefficient of variation (c) correlation coefficient (d) beta Marketable securities are primarily (a) short-term debt instruments (b) short-term equity securities (c) long-term debt instruments (d) long-term equity securities Time consumed in clearing a check through the banking system (a) Processing float (b) Deposit float (c) Collection float (d) Availability float Commercial paper is essentially, (a) another term for a junk bond (b) a short-term unsecured corporate IOU (c) an intermediate-term corporate bond (d) a certificate that may be exchanged for a share of common stock at a specified future date Which of the following marketable securities is the obligation of a commercial bank? (a) Commercial paper (b) Negotiable certificate of deposit (c) Repurchase agreement (d) T-bills The movement of business data electronically in a structured, computer-readable format (a) EFT (b) ED I(c) SWIFT (d) CHIPS PART - B (10 × 2 = 20 Marks) Answer ALL Questions Recall the definition of financial management. List out the different principles of time value of money. What do you mean by book building method? Compare between cash dividend and retained earnings.	(a) standard deviation (b) coefficient of variation (c) correlation coefficient (d) beta Marketable securities are primarily (a) short-term debt instruments (b) short-term equity securities (c) long-term debt instruments (d) long-term equity securities Time consumed in clearing a check through the banking system (a) Processing float (b) Deposit float (c) Collection float (d) Availability float Commercial paper is essentially, (a) another term for a junk bond (b) a short-term unsecured corporate IOU (c) an intermediate-term corporate bond (d) a certificate that may be exchanged for a share of common stock at a specified future date Which of the following marketable securities is the obligation of a commercial bank? (a) Commercial paper (b) Negotiable certificate of deposit (c) Repurchase agreement (d) T-bills The movement of business data electronically in a structured, computer-readable format (a) EFT (b) ED I(c) SWIFT (d) CHIPS PART - B (10 × 2 = 20 Marks) Answer ALL Questions Recall the definition of financial management. 2 List out the different principles of time value of money. 2 What do you mean by book building method? Compare between cash dividend and retained earnings. Choose any two characteristics of a leasing contract. 2 Relate the term Current assets and Current Liability.	(a) standard deviation (b) coefficient of variation (c) correlation coefficient (d) beta Marketable securities are primarily (a) short-term debt instruments (b) short-term equity securities (c) long-term debt instruments (d) long-term equity securities Time consumed in clearing a check through the banking system (a) Processing float (b) Deposit float (c) Collection float (d) Availability float Commercial paper is essentially, (a) another term for a junk bond (b) a short-term unsecured corporate IOU (c) an intermediate-term corporate bond (d) a certificate that may be exchanged for a share of common stock at a specified future date Which of the following marketable securities is the obligation of a commercial bank? (a) Commercial paper (b) Negotiable certificate of deposit (c) Repurchase agreement (d) T-bills The movement of business data electronically in a structured, computer-readable format (a) EFT (b) ED I(c) SWIFT (d) CHIPS PART - B (10 × 2 = 20 Marks) Answer ALL Questions Recall the definition of financial management. List out the different principles of time value of money. What do you mean by book building method? Compare between cash dividend and retained earnings. Choose any two characteristics of a leasing contract. Relate the term Current assets and Current Liability.

PART - C $(6 \times 10 = 60 \text{ Marks})$

Answer ALL Questions

K4 CO1 31. The current market price of a debenture of X Ltd is Rs. 800 having a face value of 10 Rs. 1000. The debentures will be redeemed after 5 years. The debenture carries an interest rate of 12% p.a. You are required to illustrate "yield to maturity" on the debenture. OR 10 K4 CO1 Categorize the various classifications of sources of finance. 10 K4 CO2 32. The cost of capital and rate of return on investment of Chennai Ltd are 10% and 18% Respectively. The company has 5 lakh equity shares of Rs 10 each and earnings per share are Rs 20. Compute the market price per share and value of the firm in the following situations. Use Walter Model under relevance theory approach and comment the results. (a) No Retention, (b) 40% Retention, (c) 80% Retention. OR K4 CO2 The earnings per share of Nadal Ltd are Rs 15 and the rate of capitalization applicable to the company is 12%. The productivity earnings (r) is 12%. Compute the market value of the company's share if the payout ratio is (a) 20%, (b) 50%, and (c) 70%. K2 CO3 33. "Leasing versus buying with borrowed funds"- Compare and contrast. 10 a) OR Explain the methods of interest calculations in hire purchase transactions. 10 *K2* CO3 b) 34. K4 CO4 Moon Ltd is engaged in customer retailing. You are required to estimate its 10 a) working capital requirements from the following data: Projected Annual Sales - Rs 6,50,000; Percentage of Net profit to cost of sales – 25% Average credit allowed to debtors – 10 weeks Average credit allowed by creditors – 4 weeks Average Stock carrying (in terms of sales requirements) -8 weeks Allow 20% Contingencies. OR K4 CO4 Distinguish between lease financing and hire purchase financing. 35. From the following information calculate working capital requirements. 10 K4 CO5 Average amount locked up in stocks Stocks of finished goods and WIP Rs 10,000 Stocks of stores, materials, etc Rs 8,000 Average Credit given Local Sales – 2 Weeks credit Rs 1,04,000 Sales Outside the state: 6 Weeks credit Rs 3,12,000 (c) Time Available for payments For purchase: 4 Weeks Rs 78,000 For Wages: 2 Weeks Rs 2,60,000 OR Discuss the methods for evaluating the leasing proposal. K4 CO5

36.	a) i)	Examine Walter's relevance concept of dividend policy.	5	K4	CO4
	ii)	Analyze Gordon's relevance concept of dividend policy.	5	K4	CO5
		OR			
	b) i)	Examine the various reasons for happening Mergers and acquisitions in large scale	5	K4	CO4
	•••	industry.	-	V A	CO5
	11)	Analyze the various problems encountered during amalgamations process.	3	Λ4	COS