	Reg. No.								
	Question Paper Code 13175								
B.E. / B.Tech DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, NOV / DEC 2024									
Seventh Semester									
Computer Science and Business Systems									
20CBPC701 - USABILITY DESIGN OF SOFTWARE APPLICATIONS									
Regulations - 2020									
D		x. Mar	ks: 10)0					
	$PART - A (MCQ) (20 \times 1 = 20 Marks)$	Marks	K – Level	со					
1.	Answer ALL Questions Which phase in the design thinking process involves defining the problem and	1		CO1					
1.	understanding the user's needs?	1	ICI	001					
	(a) Ideation (b) Prototyping (c) Empathize (d) Test								
2.	What does the term "Prototype" mean in design thinking?	1	K1	COI					
	(a) Final product (b) Preliminary model (c) Project documentation (d) User feedback								
3.	Which of the following factors is holistically responsible for the economic success of a	1	K1	<i>CO1</i>					
	business?								
	(a) marketing (b) design (c) manufacturing (d) Product development	1	VI	C01					
4.	There are specific dimensions which are commonly used to assess the	1	K1	COI					
	performance of a product development effort.(a) Five(b) Six(c) Seven(d) eight								
5.	What allows designs to be refined based on feedback?	1	K1	<i>CO2</i>					
5.	(a) focus (b) iteration (c) Usability (d) experience								
6.	When testing designs with users who should you use?	1	K1	<i>CO2</i>					
	(a) management (b) Family & Friends (c) Typical users (d) Most critical users								
7.	Which of the following tells us that how the system actually works?	1	K1	<i>CO2</i>					
0	(a) System image (b) User model (c) Design model (d) Evaluation	1	17.1	<i>co</i> 2					
8.	What are the notations for the use case Diagram?	1	K1	CO2					
9.	(a) Use case (b) Actor (c) Prototype (d) Use case and Actor Identify the term which is used to define testing?	1	K1	CO3					
).	(a) Finding broken code (b) Stage of all projects	-							
	(c) Evaluating deliverables to find errors (d) Finding the use case								
10.	Identify the correct measure for correctness.	1	K1	CO3					
	(a) Errors per KLOC (b) \$ per KLOC (c) Defects per KLOC (d) & per KLOC								
11.	The latest HTML standard is	1	K1	CO3					
10	(a) XML (b) SGML (c) HTML 4.0 (d) HTML 5.0	1	VI	cor					
12.	Which window in VBA Is used to write code?(a) Property window(b) Code editor window(c) Frame window(d) Form window	1	K1	СО3					
13	(a) Property window (b) Code editor window (c) Frame window (d) Form window "UX" Stands for	1	K1	<i>CO4</i>					
15.	(a) User Exchange (b) User Expression (c) User Engine (d) User Experience								
14.	UX designer is like an	1	K1	<i>CO4</i>					
	(a) architect (b) engineer (c) developer (d) Decorator								
15.	What is the term for a low-fidelity representation of a product's layout and functionality?	1	K1	<i>CO</i> 4					
	(a) Prototype (b) User persona (c) Wireframe (d) Interface design		77.1	<i>aa</i> :					
16.	determines the visual form on the screen. $()$ Shall the screen	1	K1	<i>CO4</i>					
17	(a) Strategy (b) Scope (c) Skeleton (d) Surface Which of the model is based on prototyping and iterative development?	1	K1	CO5					
17.	Which of the model is based on prototyping and iterative development?(a) Waterfall model(b)Spiral mode(c)V- Shaped model(d) RAD model	1		200					
	(a) traterian moder (b)spirar moder (c) - Shaped moder (d) KAD moder								

18.	-	d application development (RAD) which phase is used for adding, mod ing, or retrieving a data object?	lifying, ¹	K1	CO5				
19.	A sha	usiness modeling (b)data modeling (c) process modeling (d) test aring of meanings defines	sting 1	K1	CO5				
20.	Whic	comotion(b) information(c) noise(d) interferencech of the following is not the stage of new product development?lea generation(b) Business analysis(c) Test marketing(d) Position	1	K1	CO5				
PART - B $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks})$ Answer ALL Questions									
21.	Defin	ne User Centered Design.	2	K1	CO1				
		out few examples of successful Human-Centered Design.	2	K1	COI				
	Why Heuristic evaluation is considered as a valuable method in the design process?				<i>CO2</i>				
	What are the limitations of heuristic evaluation?				<i>CO2</i>				
		are the main goals of web based user centered design?	2	K1	CO3				
		ne Construction.	2	K1	CO3				
27.	Comr	pare User interview and Usability Testing.	2	K2	<i>CO</i> 4				
	-	e some common challenges faced in UX research.	2	K1	<i>CO</i> 4				
		can scenarios help identify user needs and pain points?	2	K1	<i>CO5</i>				
		do you create a realistic scenario for a specific user group?	2	K1	CO5				
		PART - C $(6 \times 10 = 60 \text{ Marks})$							
21	-)	Answer ALL Questions	10	K2	COI				
31.	a)	Explain about the different process analysis tools with example.	10	Λ2	COI				
	OR b) Elaborate the different scenarios and personas of different use cases with an $10 K^2 CO^2$								
	b)	Elaborate the different scenarios and personas of different use cases we example	ith an 10	K2	<i>CO1</i>				
32.	a)	Compare and contrast inspection, analysis, and models as methods of evaluation interactive design.	luation ¹⁰	K2	<i>CO2</i>				
	OR								
	b)	Infer heuristic evaluation with main purpose in usability testing and explain limitations.	lain its 10	K2	<i>CO2</i>				
33.	a)	Develop an application in E-Commerce and its related website or mobile redesign.	app to 10	К3	CO3				
	OR								
	b)	Select any one web application for developing prototyping model.	10	К3	СО3				
34.	a)	Relate the Research Techniques involved in UX design.	10	K2	<i>CO4</i>				
2 11	,	OR							
	b)	Explain the user experience goals UI team has to prioritize. How would ach these goals impact user satisfaction?	nieving ¹⁰	K2	<i>CO4</i>				
35.	a)	Explain the five stages of Design Thinking: Empathize, Define, Ideate, Pro and Test. For each stage, explain how you would apply it in your p including specific activities or methods you would use. OR	• •	К2	CO5				

K1 – Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 – Apply; K4 – Analyze; K5 – Evaluate; K6 – Create

- b) Compare the advantages and disadvantages of using low-fidelity vs. high-fidelity ¹⁰ K2 CO5 prototypes in usability testing with personas?
- 36. a) i) Rephrase the Competitive Analysis framework for evaluating the strengths and 5 K2 CO4 weaknesses of three fitness apps.
 - ii) Summarize the key principles of effective design techniques, such as simplicity, 5 K2 CO5 functionality, and user engagement.

OR

- b) i) Classify the different methods to understand how users interact with the app in $5 K^2 CO^4$ their daily environment.
 - ii) Relate the steps involved in the brainstorming phase of design thinking and how 5 K2 CO5 it contributes to innovation.