

B.E. / B.Tech. - DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, NOV / DEC 2024

Seventh Semester

Civil Engineering

20CEEL701 - INDUSTRIAL WASTEWATER TREATMENT

Regulations - 2020

Duration: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 100

PART - A (MCQ) (20 × 1 = 20 Marks)

Answer ALL Questions

	<i>Marks</i>	<i>K- Level</i>	<i>CO</i>
1. _____ indicates chemical characteristics of industrial wastewater. (a) Colour (b) BOD and COD (c) Temperature (d) Taste	1	K1	CO1
2. The bioassay test on industrial pollutants is performed to evaluate (a) No emission (b) Zero discharge (c) High discharge (d) Medium discharge	1	K2	CO1
3. The ultimate goal of waste minimization should be (a) Toxicity (b) Ignitability (c) Chlorine content (d) pH	1	K1	CO1
4. Graphical method is useful to determine _____ of Equalization tank. (a) Aeration (b) Volume (c) Strength (d) Volume and Strength	1	K1	CO2
5. The environmental issue caused by chemical precipitation is (a) Degradation (b) Liquid matter (c) Increase in DO (d) Generation of toxic sludge	1	K1	CO2
6. _____ is membrane technology filtration method that removes many types of large molecules and ions from solution by applying pressure to solution. (a) Reverse osmosis (b) Distillation (c) Disinfection (d) Freezing	1	K1	CO2
7. Which type of membrane is used for the RO process? (a) Highly permeable (b) Permeable (c) Semi-permeable (d) Non-permeable	1	K2	CO3
8. Which of the following treatment processes is essential for ensuring safe reuse of industrial wastewater? (a) Sedimentation (b) Advanced oxidation processes (c) Screening (d) Chlorination	1	K1	CO3
9. Which of the following industries is most likely to adopt a zero effluent discharge system due to high water consumption and waste generation? (a) Textile industry (b) Software industry (c) Education sector (d) Electronics sector	1	K1	CO3
10. Which of the following is the most common type of residual generated in industrial wastewater treatment? (a) Solid sludge (b) Dissolved gases (c) Ash (d) Grit	1	K1	CO4
11. Which of the following is a common characteristic of hazardous waste? (a) Biodegradability (b) Flammability (c) Low toxicity (d) Neutral pH	1	K1	CO4
12. Which of the following methods is commonly used for sludge dewatering? (a) Filtration (b) Evaporation (c) Oxidation (d) Adsorption	1	K1	CO4
13. What parameter is used to assess the acidity or alkalinity of wastewater? (a) Total suspended solids (b) Electrical conductivity (c) pH (d) COD	1	K1	CO5
14. What does the term Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD) measure in wastewater (a) Amount of organic matter (b) Concentration of heavy metals (c) Temperature of the wastewater (d) Total suspended solids	1	K2	CO5
15. Which of the following management is a common tool used for identifying pollution prevention opportunities? (a) Life cycle assessment (b) Total quality (c) Six sigma (d) Supply chain	1	K1	CO5
16. Which strategy is used to reduce emissions in manufacturing processes? (a) Equipment maintenance (b) Process modification (c) Waste disposal (d) Material use	1	K1	CO5

17. During pulp manufacturing black liquor is generated from _____ process. 1 K1 CO6
 (a) Chipping (b) Bleaching (c) Soaking (d) Digestion
18. Spent wash is wastewater from _____ industry. 1 K1 CO6
 (a) Dairy (b) Sugar (c) Distillery (d) Tannery
19. _____ is one of the byproduct from sugar industry 1 K1 CO6
 (a) Bagasse (b) Yeast sludge (c) Spent wash (d) Whey
20. What treatment method is often used to remove heavy metals from metal finishing wastewater? 1 K1 CO6
 (a) Activated sludge (b) Chemical precipitation
 (c) Membrane filtration (d) Aerobic digestion

PART - B (10 × 2 = 20 Marks)

Answer ALL Questions

21. Which is better-prevention of generation of wastewater? Why? 2 K1 CO1
22. What are the barriers of pollution prevention? 2 K1 CO1
23. State the necessity of flotation in industrial waste water. 2 K1 CO2
24. Classify the types of photo catalysts are commonly used in the treatment of industrial wastewater. 2 K2 CO2
25. Outline the primary goals of implementing a zero effluent discharge systems in an industrial setting. 2 K2 CO3
26. Enlist the common applications of reused wastewater in industries. 2 K1 CO3
27. What is sludge conditioning? 2 K1 CO4
28. Mention the purpose of a gas collection system in secured landfills. 2 K2 CO4
29. How can reduce water at source in tannery industry? 2 K1 CO5
30. Illustrate the characteristics of distillery waste water. 2 K2 CO6

PART - C (6 × 10 = 60 Marks)

Answer ALL Questions

31. a) i) Predict the various uses of water in chemical industry. 4 K2 CO1
 ii) Summarize the regulatory requirements for treatment of industrial waste water. 6 K2 CO1
- OR**
- b) How is pollution prevention options evaluated? Explain the cost benefit analysis in detail. 10 K2 CO1
32. a) i) Outline the objectives of neutralization with suitable examples. 4 K3 CO2
 ii) Categorize the various methods of anaerobic biological treatment process of industrial waste water. 6 K3 CO2
- OR**
- b) Enumerate the advanced oxidation process techniques for the treatment of wastewater. 10 K3 CO2
33. a) Illustrate about the effluent treatment plants. Why is the pollution control board taking stringent actions in the maintenance of effluent treatment plant? 10 K3 CO3
- OR**
- b) i) How the RO rejects are managed? Explain. 5 K2 CO3
 ii) Outline the common methods of industrial wastewater disposal on water bodies. 5 K2 CO3
34. a) Describe the various characteristics of sludge thickening process with neat sketch. 10 K2 CO4

OR

b) Differentiate between solidification and incineration. In what situations would solidification be preferred over incineration for hazardous waste management? 10 K3 CO4

35. a) Describe the different types of industrial manufacturing processes with suitable illustration. 10 K2 CO5

OR

b) Discuss the principles of pollution prevention options and its significance in environmental management. 10 K2 CO5

36. a) Explain the manufacturing process and treatment methods of textile industry with neat sketch. 10 K3 CO6

OR

b) With a flow diagram, explain the processes in a sugar mill. Also discuss the treatment methods to be adopted. 10 K3 CO6