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Question Paper Code 13279

B.E. / B.Tech. - DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, NOV / DEC 2024

Fifth Semester

Computer Science and Engineering

(Common to Computer Science and Engineering (IoT))

20CSPC503 - MOBILE COMPUTING

Regulations - 2020

	10841410115 2020			
Dι	ration: 3 Hours	Max. Mar	ks: 1	00
	PART - A (MCQ) $(20 \times 1 = 20 \text{ Marks})$		<i>K</i> –	
	Answer ALL Questions	Marks	Level	co
1.	What is the primary role of unique codes in the CDMA MAC Protocol?	1	<i>K1</i>	CO1
	(a) Separating user transmissions (b) Reducing network latency			
	(c) Managing encryption keys (d) Dynamic modulation			
2.	The hidden terminal problem occurs when:	1	<i>K1</i>	CO1
	(a) Devices can see each other but can't communicate			
	(b) Devices are not within each other's range but cause collisions			
	(c) The network is overloaded			
	(d) There is signal interference			
3.	What is the primary role of unique codes in the CDMA MAC Protocol?	1	<i>K1</i>	CO1
	(a) Separating user transmissions (b) Reducing network latency			
	(c) Managing encryption keys (d) Dynamic modulation			
4.	What is the main feature of General Packet Radio Service (GPRS)?		<i>K1</i>	CO2
	(a) Circuit-switched data (b) Packet-switched data			
	(c) Voice communication (d) Video streaming			
5.	Which technology is known as the "2.5G" technology?	1	<i>K1</i>	CO2
	(a) GSM (b) GPRS (c) UMTS (d) LTE			
6.	What is the purpose of the HLR in GSM?	1	<i>K1</i>	CO2
	(a) Managing billing (b) Storing subscriber information			
	(c) Handling voice calls (d) Performing encryption			
7.	Which technology introduced in 3G is known for offering higher data rates than GSM	? 1	<i>K1</i>	CO3
	(a) GPRS (b) EDGE (c) UMTS (d) LTE			
8.	What does 5G NR stand for?	1	<i>K1</i>	CO3
	(a) 5G New Radio (b) 5G Network Resource			
	(c) 5G Next Release (d) 5G National Regulation			
9.	What is the main feature of LTE that differentiates it from UMTS?	1	<i>K1</i>	CO3
	(a) Circuit-switched technology (b) Packet-switched technology			
	(c) Analog transmission (d) Voice-only support			
10.	Which protocol combines both proactive and reactive routing approaches?	1	K1	CO4
	(a) DSDV (b) AODV (c) ZRP (d) DSR		77.1	go.4
11.	What is the process called when a mobile node changes its point of attachment to	the I	KI	CO4
	network?			
	(a) Roaming (b) Tunneling (c) Handoff (d) Authentication		77.1	G0.1
12.	What protocol is used by the Foreign Agent to inform the mobile node about	its I	K1	CO4
	presence?			
10	(a) ICMP (b) ARP (c) Router Advertisement (d) DHCP	7	V1	COF
13.	Which of the following is a feature of TCP-I?	1	K1	CO5
	(a) Delay-tolerant networking (b) Enhanced error recovery			
	(c) Support for mobile nodes (d) Load balancing			

14.		at does WAP stand for?	1	<i>K1</i>	CO5	
		Wireless Application Program (b) Wireless Access Protocol Wireless Application Protocol (d) Wireless Area Protocol				
15.	WD	P in the WAP architecture corresponds to which of the following layers?	1	<i>K1</i>	CO5	
16.	Whi	Fransport Layer (b) Network Layer (c) Session Layer (d) Application Layer ich WAP layer corresponds to the OSI model's Application layer?	1	K1	CO5	
17.	Whi	WML (b) WAE (c) WDP (d) WSP ich company developed the IOS operating system?	1	K1	CO6	
18.	Whi	Google (b) Apple (c) Microsoft (d) BlackBerry ich operating system was primarily used on Nokia smartphones?	1	<i>K1</i>	CO6	
19.	(a) I Find	· · ·	1	K1	CO6	
	(a) Z	Xcode (b) Eclipse (c) Android Studio (d) NetBeans				
20.		ich of the following is a popular M-commerce platform? eBay (b) YouTube (c) Microsoft Office (d) Excel	1	KI	CO6	
	(a) t					
		PART - B $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks})$ Answer ALL Questions				
21.	Wha	at are the Characteristics of Mobile computing?	2	<i>K1</i>	CO1	
22.	Con	npare CSMA / CD and CSMA/CA.	2	K2	CO1	
23.	List	the advantages and disadvantages of a cellular system.	2	Kl	CO2	
24.	Diff	Ferentiate GPRS from GSM in terms of architecture elements.	2	K2	CO2	
25.	List	the role of the Node B in the UMTS architecture.	2	Kl	CO3	
26.	26. Differentiate UMTS networks from 2G networks.					
27.	27. Difference between Proactive & Reactive protocols.					
28.	28. Outline the reason for traditional routing strategies not deployed in a MANET.					
29.	Dist	inguish between HTML and WML.	2	K2	CO5	
30.	Wh	y is microkernel preferred for developing a mobile OS? Justify.	2	K1	CO6	
		PART - C $(6 \times 10 = 60 \text{ Marks})$ Answer ALL Questions				
31.	a)	Explain the different Wireless MAC protocol issues in mobile computing.	10	<i>K</i> 2	CO1	
	b)	OR Explain in detail about mobile computing applications in various sectors.	10	K2	CO1	
32.	a)	Draw and explain the system architecture of GSM in detail.	10	K2	CO2	
	b)	OR Draw and explain the protocol architecture of GPRS.	10	<i>K</i> 2	CO2	
33.	a)	Draw and Explain the architecture of LTE and explain the elements present in that.	10	<i>K</i> 2	CO3	
33.	,		10	K2	CO3	
	b)	Describe the challenges faced during the deployment of LTE and UMTS networks.	10	112	cos	
34.	a)	Demonstrate the key mechanism of mobile IP with the help of a suitable schematic diagram and examples.	10	K2	CO4	
		OR	10	774	<i>aa.</i>	
	b)	Explain in detail about Zone Routing Protocol with route request and response procedure.	10	K2	CO4	
35.	a)	Explain the WAP architecture with neat sketch for mobile communication system.	10	K2	CO5	

OR

	b) i)	Briefly explain about WTLS with neat Sketches.	5	<i>K</i> 2	COS	
	ii) Summarize the WDP protocol and draw the working flow architecture of WDP.					
36.	a)	Explain in detail about different commercial mobile operating systems.	10	K2	CO	
		OR				
	b)	Describe the mobile payment system and its security issues.	10	<i>K</i> 2	CO	