	Ι	Reg. No.												
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	Question Paper Code 13097													
	B.E. / B.Tech DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, NOV / DEC 2024													
	Seventh	Semester												
	Computer Science	and Eng	gine	erii	ıg									
	20CSPC701 - BIG D	ATA AN	AL	.YT	ICS									
	Regulation	ns - 2020												
Du	ration: 3 Hours									M	ax.	Ma	rks: 1	00
	<b>PART - A (MCQ) (2</b>	$0 \times 1 = 20$	) M	ark	s)								K-	60
	Answer ALL	Questions	5		<i>,</i>						N	larks	Level	<i>co</i>
1.	Which one is not true about Traditional Business	Intelliger	nce	(BI)	).							1	K1	COI
	(a) Faster and accurate reporting and analysis													
	(b) Data is stored on a distributed file system													
	(c) BI Solutions are more towards the structured da	ata.												
•	(d) BI Solutions carry the data to the processing fu	nctions	1.		1		•					,	<i>V</i> 1	<i>co</i> 1
2.	What does the term "volume" refer to in the conte	ext of big	dat	a ar	naly	tics	?					1	ΚI	COI
	(a) The accuracy and reliability of data (b) The diverse types of data including structures	landunat			44	ata								
	(c) The size or amount of data being processed	i and unsi	liuc	luit	u u	ala								
	(d) The speed at which data is generated and proc	essed												
3.	Find one advantage of using Hadoon over traditio	nal Data V	Wa	rehc	uses	s.						1	K1	<i>CO1</i>
5.	(a) Hadoop is designed for smaller data sets													
	(b) Hadoop supports both structured and unstructured	red data												
	(c) Hadoop requires higher computational resource	es												
	(d) Data Warehouses are open-source													
4.	Hadoop Distributed File System provides											1	K1	<i>CO2</i>
	(a) performance through distribution of data													
	(b) fault tolerance through replication													
	(c) both performance through distribution of data $\delta$	& fault tol	lera	nce	thro	ough	n r	epl	catio	on				
5	(d) hierarchical configuration What is the default replication factor for UDES fill	229										1	K1	$CO^{2}$
5.	what is the default replication factor for HDFS find (a) 3 (b) 2 (c) 1	(d) A										1	IX I	002
6	Which component is part of the Hadoon ecosyster	n and is u	iser	1 foi	· SO	I1	ike	an	ervii	וס ה	m	1	K1	CO2
0.	Hadoop data?	ii uiid is c		4 101	υų	<b>L</b> 1		94	er y n	15 0				
	(a) Apache Hive (b) Apache HBase (c)	Apache S	Spai	rk	(0	l) A	pa	che	Flur	ne				
7.	Which component of Hive translates HQL queries	into Map	Re	duce	e jot	s?	1					1	K1	СО3
	(a) Hive Metastore (b) Hive Driver (c) Hive Co	mpiler (d	1) F	Iive	Ēxe	ecut	ion	Er	igine	;				
8.	Which of the following is a primitive data type in I	Hive?										1	K1	СОЗ
	(a) Array (b) Map (c) String	(d)	) St	ruct										
9.	What is Pig Latin?											1	Kl	CO3
	(a) A programming language for machine learning													
	(b) A query language for data processing in Pig													
	(c) A language for system administration (d) A visualization tool for data													
10	Which method is used to query and retrieve docum	ients from	1 M	000	DI	37						1	K1	CO4
10.	(a) get() (b) find() (c) search()		1 111	ong	(d) f	etcl	h∩							
11.	How does MongoDB handle NULL values in doci	uments?			(4)1		-0					1	K1	<i>CO</i> 4
	(a) They are automatically removed (b) NULL	values ar	e st	tored	d as	em	pty	fie	lds					
	(c) NULL values are not supported (d) NULL	values ar	e re	eplao	ced y	with	n de	efai	ılt va	lue	S			

K1 – Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 – Apply; K4 – Analyze; K5 – Evaluate; K6 – Create

12	Which protocol is used to connect applications to MongoDP2	1	K1	CO4
12.	(a) HTTP (b) JDBC (c) MongoDB Wire Protocol (d) FTP	1	IX I	004
13.	Which feature of HBase provides the ability to store and retrieve large amounts of data	1	<i>K1</i>	<i>CO5</i>
	across a distributed system?			
1.4	(a) Column-Oriented Storage (b) Indexing (c) Join Operations (d) Normalization	,	<i>V</i> 1	<i>C</i> 05
14.	(a) Strigt A CID compliance (b) Scheme loss data model	Ι	KI	cos
	(c) Support for SOL queries (d) Fixed schema structure			
15.	What type of workflow does Oozie support for defining complex processing pipelines?	1	<i>K1</i>	<i>CO5</i>
	(a) Simple Workflow (b) Complex Workflow			
	(c) Coordinated Workflow (d) Directed Acyclic Graph (DAG)			~~~
16.	Which Oozie component manages the scheduling of workflows?	Ι	KI	<i>CO5</i>
17	(a) Coordinator (b) Workflow Engine (c) Bundle (d) Action Which Flume component is used to collect data from Twitter streams?	1	K1	CO6
17.	(a) Source (b) Sink (c) Channel (d) Collector	-		
18.	Which component of Sqoop is responsible for transferring data between Hadoop and	1	K1	<i>CO6</i>
	relational databases?			
	(a) Sqoop Client (b) Sqoop Server (c) Sqoop Connector (d) Sqoop Importer	1	1/1	604
19.	What distinguishes NewSQL databases from traditional SQL and NoSQL databases?	Ι	KI	006
	(a) They use NOSQL data models for scalability. (b) They provide SQL-like querying with horizontal scalability and high performance			
	(c) They do not support ACID transactions.			
	(d) They are designed solely for key-value storage.			
20.	Which of the following is NOT a characteristic of NoSQL databases compared to SQL	1	K1	<i>CO6</i>
	databases?			
	(a) Schema-less data storage (b) Support for complex joins (c) Horizontal scalability (d) Flexible data models			
	$PART - B(10 \times 2 = 20 Marks)$			
	Answer ALL Questions			
21.	Define big data.	2	K1	<i>CO1</i>
22.	State about CAP theorem.	2	K1	<i>CO1</i>
23.	Compare replication and sharding.	2	K2	<i>CO2</i>
24.	Summarize the function of Mapper and Reducer.	2	K2	<i>CO2</i>
25.	Define Partitioning.	2	K1	CO3
26.	Outline the features of Pig Latin Statements.	2	K2	CO3
27.	Infer the features of MongoDB.	2	K2	<i>CO4</i>
28	Summarize the features of jasper report.	2	K2	<i>CO</i> 4
29	What is HBase?	2	K1	CO5
30	Why do we need ZooKeeper in the Hadoon?	2	K1	<i>CO</i> 6
50.	why do we need Zookeeper in the Hadoop.	_		
	<b>PART - C (6 × 10 = 60 Marks)</b>			
_	Answer ALL Questions			
31.	a) Explain the classification of data in detail.	10	K2	<i>CO1</i>
	OR	-	VA	001
	b) 1) Show the responsibilities of Data Scientist.	3	K2	COI

- ii) Discuss in detail about Soft state eventual consistency. 5 K2 CO1
- 32. a) Explain in detail about the Map reduce programming architecture with an <sup>10</sup> K2 CO2 example.

K1 – Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 – Apply; K4 – Analyze; K5 – Evaluate; K6 – Create 2

		OR					
	b)	Illustrate the major blocks in HDFS architecture.	10	K2	<i>CO2</i>		
33.	a)	Describe in detail about HIVE architecture with neat diagram.	10	K2	CO3		
		OR					
	b)	Summarize Queries for following relational operators in pig: (i) FILTER (ii) FOREACH (iii) GROUP (iv) DISTINCT (v) LIMIT	10	К2	СО3		
34.	a)	Construct queries and explain the following using MongoDB.	10	K3	<i>CO4</i>		
	)	(i) Insert (ii) Save (iii) Update (iv) Remove (v) Find					
	b)	Identify the process of connecting with MongoDB NoSQL database using Jasper soft.	10	K3	<i>CO4</i>		
35.	a)	Discuss in detail about HBase Architecture.	10	K2	CO5		
OR							
	b)	Summarize about different types of data visualization Techniques.	10	K2	CO5		
36.	a)	Build workflow architecture of Oozie for a student data processing application and	10	K3	<i>CO</i> 6		
		OR					
	1)		10	K2	C06		
	D)	Using sqoop architecture, explain in detail about data import and export operation.	10	ЛĴ	000		