

B.E. / B.Tech. - DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, NOV / DEC 2025

Fifth Semester

Electronics and Communication Engineering

20ECEL508 - CONTROL SYSTEMS ENGINEERING

Regulations - 2020

(Use of Polar Graphs, Semilog Graphs is permitted)

Duration: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 100

PART - A (MCQ) (10 × 1 = 10 Marks)

Answer ALL Questions

	Marks	K- Level	CO
1. Which of the following element is not used in an automatic control system? (a) control element (b) Sensor (c) Oscillator (d) Error detector	1	K1	CO1
2. The output of the feedback control system must be a function of _____ (a) Output and feedback signal (b) Input and feedback signal (c) Reference input (d) Reference output	1	K2	CO1
3. A node having only outgoing branches. (a) Input node (b) Output node (c) Incoming node (d) Outgoing node	1	K1	CO2
4. Loop which does not possess any common node are said to be _____ loops. (a) Forward gain (b) Touching loops (c) Non touching loops (d) Feedback gain	1	K1	CO2
5. The ramp input is applied to a unity feedback system with type number 1 and zero frequency 20. What is the percentage of steady state error? (a) 1% (b) 2% (c) 5% (d) 9%	1	K2	CO3
6. The initial response when output is not equal to input is _____. (a) Error response (b) Transient response (c) Dynamic response (d) Static response	1	K1	CO3
7. The polar plot of a transfer function passes through the critical point (-1,0). Gain margin is (a) Zero (b) -1dB (c) 1dB (d) Infinity	1	K2	CO4
8. If the gain of the open-loop system is doubled, the gain margin (a) Is not affected (b) Gets doubled (c) Becomes half (d) Becomes one-fourth	1	K2	CO4
9. If root loci plots of a particular control system do not intersect the imaginary axis at any point, then the gain margin of the system will be: (a) 0 (b) 0.707 (c) 1 (d) Infinite	1	K2	CO5
10. Kalman's test is for: (a) Observability (b) Controllability (c) Optimality (d) Observability and controllability	1	K2	CO6

PART - B (12 × 2 = 24 Marks)

Answer ALL Questions

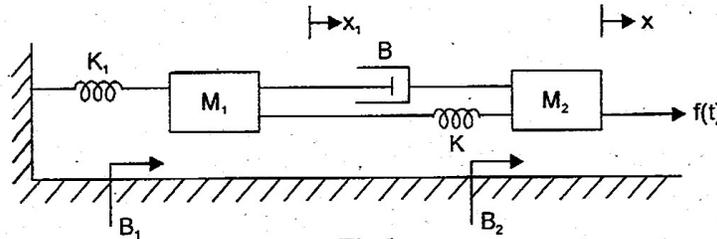
11. What are the basic elements used for modeling mechanical translational system?	2	K1	CO1
12. Why negative feedback is invariably preferred in a closed loop system?	2	K1	CO1
13. What are the basic components of block diagram?	2	K1	CO2
14. Write the Mason's Gain formula.	2	K1	CO2
15. Outline the difference between type and order of a system.	2	K2	CO3
16. Define rise time.	2	K1	CO3
17. Define phase margin.	2	K1	CO4
18. The damping ratio and the undamped natural frequency of a second order system are 0.5 and 5 respectively. Apply suitable formula and solve for the resonant frequency.	2	K2	CO4
19. What is root locus?	2	K1	CO5
20. Write the necessary and sufficient condition for stability in Routh's stability criteria.	2	K2	CO5

21. Define observability. 2 K1 CO6
22. Construct the circuit diagram of a lag compensator and illustrate its pole-zero plots. 2 K1 CO6

PART - C (6 × 11 = 66 Marks)

Answer ALL Questions

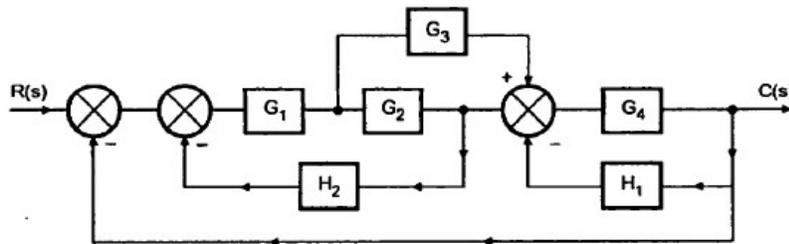
23. a) Analyze the given mechanical system and write the differential equations governing them. Also, determine the transfer function. 11 K2 CO1



OR

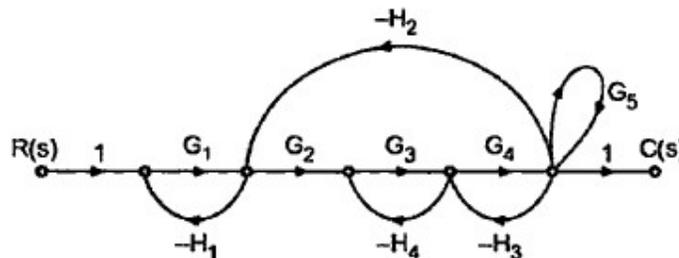
- b) Examine field-controlled DC servomotor and derive its transfer function. 11 K2 CO1

24. a) Apply block diagram reduction technique and find the transfer function $C(s)/R(s)$ for the system shown in figure. 11 K2 CO2



OR

- b) Make use of Mason's gain formula and find the transfer function for the following signal flow graph. 11 K2 CO2



25. a) Analyze the time-domain specifications of a second-order system when subjected to a step input and derive the necessary expressions. 11 K2 CO3

OR

- b) Analyze the time response of the second-order system given by $\frac{C(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{25}{s^2 + 6s + 25}$ for a unit-step input, and determine its rise time, peak time, peak overshoot, and settling time. 11 K2 CO3

26. a) The open loop transfer function of a unity feedback system is given by $G(s) = \frac{1}{s(1+s)^2}$. Utilize the polar plot and determine the gain and phase margin. 11 K3 CO4

OR

- b) Make use of semilog graph to sketch the bode plot for the following transfer function and determine phase margin and gain margin. 11 K3 CO4

$$G(s) = \frac{75(1 + 0.2s)}{s(s^2 + 16s + 100)}$$

27. a) Utilize Routh Hurwitz criterion to determine the stability of a system representing the characteristic equation, $s^5 + s^4 + 2s^3 + 2s^2 + 3s + 15 = 0$. 11 K3 CO5

OR

- b) Apply the rules of root locus construction to illustrate the step-by-step procedure for obtaining the root locus of a given system. 11 K3 CO5

28. a) Explain the steps to design lead compensator. 11 K2 CO6

OR

- b) Explain Kalman's test for observability. 11 K2 CO6