		Reg.	No.												
	Question Paper Coo	oer Code			18	3									
B.E. / B.Tech DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, NOV / DEC 2024															
	Sevent	th Sem	nester												

Electrical and Electronics Engineering

20EEEL703 - ENERGY MANAGEMENT AND AUDITING

Regulations - 2020

Duration: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 100 PART - A (MCQ) $(20 \times 1 = 20 \text{ Marks})$ Marks K-Level CO Answer ALL Questions 1. The empirical relationship used to plot production VS Energy consumption is (Y=energy KI COI consumed for the period; C=fixed energy consumption; M=energy consumption directly related to production; X=production for the same period. (a) X=Y+MC(b) Y=Mx+C(c) M=Cx+Y(d) None of the above 2. What is CUSUM? 1 K1 CO1 (a) Counter Sum (b) Calculated Sum (c) Cumulative Sum (d) Cuber some KI COI 1 3. EUI is the ratio of (a) Total Btu computed to the Total number of square feet of conditioned space (b) Production to the energy consumed (c) Total number of square feet of conditioned space to the Total Btu computed (d) None of the above 1 K1 CO2 4. If the load current decreases then the power factor (b) Will increase (a) Will also decrease (c) Will remains unchanged (d) None of these 5. Shunt capacitors connection is normally adopted for 1 K1 CO2 (a) Distribution Voltage improvement (b) Power factor improvement (c) Both a and b (d) None of these K1 CO2 6. The power factor of a synchronous motor 1 (a) Improves with increase in excitation and may even become leading at high excitations (b) Decreases with increase in excitation (c) Is independent of its excitation (d) Increases with loading for a given 7. The feasibility study of cogeneration evaluates the facility's profile to determine 1 KI CO3 the size of the chp system required. (a)Electrical load (b) Capital costs (c) Energy savings (d) Thermal load 8. What is a key economic factor considered in the feasibility analysis of cogeneration? KI CO3 1 (a) Compliance with environmental regulations (b) Estimating capital costs for installation (c) Assessing emissions reduction (d) System integration with existing infrastructure K1 CO3 9. What is the main objective of cogeneration systems like combined Heat and Power (chp)? 1 (a) Produce electricity efficiently (b) Produce electricity only (c) Produce heat only (d) Reduce environmental impact and achieve cost savings K1 CO4 10. Which lighting control system automatically adjusts artificial lighting based on the 1 availability of natural light? (a) Occupancy sensors (b) Daylight harvesting (c) Time based control (d) Dimming controls

Kl -	– Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 – Apply; K4 – Analyze	: K5 – Evaluate; K6 – Create		13	183
30.	Outline the economic model of energy.		2	K2	<i>CO6</i>
29.	Outline the error in instrument transformer.		2	K2	CO5
28.	How harmonics affect power factor.		2	KI	CO4
27.	List out the different ways to save energy on lig	hting.	2	KI V	CO4
26.	Illustrate the applications of cogeneration.	1	2	K2	CO3
25.	Outline components of cogeneration.		2	Λ2 ν 2	C03
24. 27	Outline applications of reactor.		2	Λ2 V2	CO_2
23. 24	Outline organizations of marste		∠ 2	ΓI V	CO_2
22.	Demonstrate the need of one shot productive me	easures.	2	K1	CO^{2}
21.	Demonstrate the need of one shot productive m		2	K2	<i>coi</i>
21	Classify the different phases of auditing	Questions	2	K2	CO1
	PART - B (10×2	= 20 Marks)			
	(c) Net annual cash flow to the capital cost	(d) Net annual savings to the capital cost			
	(a) Net investment to the net annual cash flow	(b) Net investment to the capital cost			
20.	The pay period is defined as the ratio of		1	K1	<i>CO6</i>
	(c) Both fixed and running capital	(d) All of these			
	(a) Fixed capital	(b) Running capital			
17.	comes under	institution system and distribution system			
19	19. The capital cost of generating equipment, transmission system and distribution system				
	wherein Y is total cost, $a=11xed cost$, $b=marginal(a) V=a+bX (b) V=a-bX (c) V=a-bX ($	at cost and X is output. a^*bX (d) None of the above			
18.	Under method of least squares, a linear equation	n is developed in the form of	Ι	ΚI	000
10	(d) All of the above		1	K1	C06
	(c) Total costs – All fixed overheads				
	(b) Direct material + Direct labour + Direct Exp	penses + All variable overheads			
	(a) Prime cost + All Variable overheads				
17.	Marginal cost is computed as		1	K1	<i>CO6</i>
	(c) Electrical system layout	(d) Environmental factors			
	(a) Load type and characteristics	(b) Compliance with regulations			
	term reliability of the meter?				
16.	Which factor should be considered when choose	ng a metering location to ensure long-	1	K1	<i>CO5</i>
	(d) Billing and cost allocation				
	(c) Tracking utility-supplied power quality				
	(b) Overview of total energy consumption				
	(a) Detailed monitoring of energy consumption	by specific equipment			
15.	What is the purpose of sub-metering installed at	specific areas within a facility?	1	<i>K1</i>	CO5
	(c) Sub-metering	(d) Smart metering			
	(a) Direct metering	(b) Indirect metering			
14.	real-time data and integration with energy many	sement systems?	1	111	005
14	(c) Individual equipment, departments or tenant	s (d) Incoming lines of industrial facilities	1	K1	<i>CO</i> 5
	(a) Individual equipment departments or tenant	(b) Residential nomes s (d) Incoming lines of industrial facilities			
	(a) Main service entrance	(b) Residential homes			
13.	where are sub-meters typically installed to mea	sure energy consumption at a more	1	ΛI	COS
12	(c) incandescent lighting Where are sub-meters typically installed to mee	(a) Fluorescent lighting	1	K1	CO5
	(a) Led lighting	(b) Halogen lighting (d) Elugragent lighting			
	efficiency and better light quality?	(h) IIala 1:-1.4:			
12.	Which technology is recommended for upgradin	ng lighting systems for improved energy	1	K1	004
10	(c) Incandescent ballasts	(d) Led ballasts	,	1/1	<i>cc</i> :
	(a) Electronic ballasts	(b) Halogen ballasts			
	systems for improved efficiency?				
11.	What technology should be used to replace mag	netic ballasts in fluorescent lighting	1	K1	<i>CO</i> 4

K1 – Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 – Apply; K4 – Analyze; K5 – Evaluate; K6 – Create

		$PART - C (6 \times 10 = 60 Marks)$						
31.	a)	Answer ALL Questions Illustrate the various equipments required for energy audit.	10	K2	COI			
)	OR						
	b)	Explain the principle of energy monitoring.	10	K2	CO1			
32.	a)	Explain synchronous machine control and energy management in detail.	10	K2	CO			
		OR			2			
	b)	Explain the various functions of reactors in energy management.	10	K2	CO 2			
33.	a)	Demonstrate the forms of cogeneration.	10	K2	CO3			
OR								
	b)	Explain gas turbine-based cogeneration system with diagram in detail.	10	K2	СО3			
34.	a)	Explain the effect of power factor & harmonics in lightning system.	10	K2	<i>CO</i> 4			
		OR						
	b)	Explain the functions of lightning sources and give a brief account on how optimizing lightning is done.	10	К2	CO4			
35.	a)	Explain about the need of demand meters with respect to Energy management.	10	K2	CO5			
		OR						
	b)	Explain about the Multitasking solid state meters in Energy Management.	10	K2	CO5			
36.	a)	Explain various demand control techniques.	10	K2	<i>CO</i> 6			
		OR						
	b)	Explain various cost factors involved in metering.	10	K2	<i>CO6</i>			