					R	eg. No.									
			Questi	on Pap	oer Code		1223	35							
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	20	EEEL 71A		ICAI AD	IG Electr	DHICS EI	igin ION		ig D C	XX /T	тст		р		
	20		OWER	5151 (D		$\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}$	IUN	AIN.	DS	VV I	ICE	IGEA	ĸ		
Dur	ation	· 3 Hours		(P	eguiation	18 2020)					Ma	v Me	rlza	. 100	
Dur	ation	I. 5 110015	PA	ART - Ansv	A (10 × 2 wer ALL	2 = 20 M Question	lark ns	(5)			Ivia	A. 1 VI C	11 K 5	. 100	
1.	Define dead spot in zones of protection.													Marks, [-Level, C(2,K1,CO1	2
2.	List the different types of effectively grounded system and non effectively grounded system.													2,K1,CO1	
3.	What is the Universal torque equation?													2,K1,CO2	
4.	Define differential relay.													2,K1,CO2	
5.	Compare magnetizing inrush current and short circuit current in a transformer.													2,K2,CO3	
6.	Outline the reason for fault in bus zone.													2,K2,CO3	
7.	What is the function of sample and hold circuit in numerical protection?													2,K1,CO4	
8.	List the applications of static relay.													2,K1,CO4	
9.	Outline the expression of time at which maximum restrike occurs.													2,K2,CO5	
10.	. List the factors responsible for the increase in arc resistance.													2,K1,CO5	
			PA	ART - Ansv	B (5 × 1 3 wer ALL	B = 65 M Question	lark ns	(s)							
11.	a)	(i) Explain a	bout arc	suppre	ession coi	l ground	ling.							7,K2,CO1	
		(ii) A 132 k capacitance inductance a	V, 3 pha to earth and kVA	ases, 5 for e rating	0 cycles ach line of the arc OR	overhea of 0.01 suppres	d lin 57 ssior	ne, 50 µF p n coil	0 K ber] l.	m l Km	ong, . Fir	has and the	a e	6,K2,CO1	
	b)	(i) Explain t sketch.	he impor	tance of	of overlag	ping of	prot	tectiv	ve zo	one	s wit	h nea	t	7,K2,CO1	
		(ii) Illustrate	a Protec	tive sy	stem and	its attril	bute	s wit	h a i	nea	t ske	tch.		6,K2,CO1	

^{12.} a) Explain the construction and working principle of electromagnetic ^{13,K2,CO2} relay.

OR

b) Explain negative sequence relay and frequency relay. *13,K2,CO2*

13. a) Explain a suitable protection scheme of a transformer against incipient ^{13,K2,CO3} fault.

OR

- b) A generator is protected by restricted earth fault protection. The ^{13,K2,CO3} generator ratings are 13.2 kV and 10 MVA. The percentage of winding protected against phase to ground fault is 85%. The relay setting is such that it trips for 20% out of balance. Infer the resistance to be added in the neutral to ground connection.
- 14. a) Outline cosine type of phase comparator for synthesis of reactance 13,K2,CO4 relay.

OR

- b) Explain numerical distance protection of transmission lines. 13,K2,CO4
- 15. a) Summarize the phenomenon of interruption of capacitive current in a ^{13,K2,CO5} circuit breaker.

OR

b) Explain in detail the constructional features, principle of working, ^{13,K2,CO5} advantages and applications of SF6 circuit breaker with a neat diagram.

PART - C (1 × 15 = 15 Marks)

 a) (i) Infer the average RRRV of 132 kV CB with neutral earthed. Short ^{10,K2,CO5} Circuit Data are as follows: Broken current is symmetrical. Restriking voltage has frequency 20 kHz. P.F=0.15. Fault is earthed.

(ii) Explain static over current relay.

OR

b) (i) In Short circuit test on a 3 pole, 132 kV circuit breaker, the ^{10,K2,CO5} following observations are made. P.F for fault =0.4, recovery voltage 0.9 times full line value. Breaking current is symmetrical. Frequency of oscillation of restriking voltage 16 kHz. Assume neutral is grounded and fault is not grounded, Infer the RRRV.

(ii) Explain static differential relay.

5,*K2*,*CO*4

5,K2,CO4