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Question Paper Co	de	1	313	8									
B.E. / B.Tech DEGREE EX	AMIN	ATIO	NS,	NO	V/	D	EC	20	24				

Seventh Semester

Instrumentation and Control Engineering

(Common to Electronics and Instrumentation Engineering)

20ICPC701 - LOGIC AND DISTRIBUTED CONTROL SYSTEM

Regulations - 2020

Dura	ation: 3 Hours N	lax. Ma	arks:	100
	PART - A (MCQ) ($20 \times 1 = 20$ Marks)		<i>K</i> –	60
	Answer ALL Questions	Marks	Level	0
1.	In a PLC system, what function does the CPU perform?	1	K1	<i>CO1</i>
	(a) Execute user programs (b) Provide power to the system			
	(c) Connect I/O modules (d) Maintain the PLC's physical structure			
2.	Which of the following is a typical application for an analog output module?	1	K1	<i>CO1</i>
	(a) Controlling the speed of a motor (b) Turning on a light			
	(c) Opening a relay (d) Monitoring a switch position			
3.	In a PLC, which module would you use to interface with a pressure sensor?	1	K1	<i>CO1</i>
	(a) Discrete input module (b) Analog input module			
	(c) Discrete output module (d) Analog output module			
4.	Which timer in a PLC retains its accumulated value even after the rung goes false?	1	K1	COI
	(a) OFF-delay timer (b) ON-delay timer (c) Retentive timer (d) Pulse timer			
5.	In Functional Block Diagram, how are input and output signals typically represented?	1	K1	<i>CO2</i>
	(a) As circles (b) As arrows (c) As lines (d) As text labels			
6.	In structured text, which symbol is typically used to assign a value to a variable?	1	K1	<i>CO2</i>
	(a) = (b) := (c) == (d) <=			
7.	Which element in sequential function chart indicates the conditions for moving from one	1	K1	<i>CO2</i>
	step to another?			
	(a) Step (b) Transition (c) Action (d) State			
8.	In instruction list, what does the instruction `ST` typically do?	1	K1	<i>CO2</i>
	(a) Starts a process (b) Stores a value in a register			
	(c) Stops a process (d) Subtracts a value			
9.	What is the function of supervisory control in automated systems?	1	K1	CO3
	(a) To directly control individual sensors			
	(b) To oversee and manage automated processes from a central location			
	(c) To collect data from remote locations			
	(d) To convert analog signals to digital			
10.	What type of control strategy does Direct Digital Control (DDC) primarily use?	1	Kl	СО3
	(a) Feedback Control (b) Open-loop Control (c) Manual Control (d) Predictive Contro	1		~ ~ •
11.	What is the primary purpose of a Data Acquisition System (DAS)?	Ι	KI	CO3
	(a) To control industrial processes			
	(b) To manage alarm notifications			
	(c) To provide internet connectivity			
	(d) To collect, measure, and analyze data from physical phenomena	,	77.1	<i>co</i> 2
12.	Which of the following is NOT a typical function of SCADA software	Ι	KI	<i>CO3</i>
	(a) Data Visualization (b) Real-Time Data Processing			
1.0	(c) Signal Conditioning (d) Alarm Management	1	1/1	604
13.	Which of the following is a key benefit of DCS over traditional control systems?	1	ΚI	004
	(a) Centralized data storage (b) Decentralized control structure			
	(c) Reduced communication complexity (d) Enhanced field device diagnostics			
<i>K1</i> -	- Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 – Apply; K4 – Analyze; K5 – Evaluate; K6 – Create		131	38

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14.	Which	protocol is commonly used for smart field devices to communicate with a DCS?	l K1	<i>CO4</i>			
15.	(a) HART (b) BACnet (c) Zigbee (d) Modbus RTU The Foundation Field bus (FF) protocol is most suitable for (a) High group data transfer						
	(a) Ing (c) Set	rial communication (d) Wireless communication					
16.	Which	n of the following is a common feature of Human Interface Stations?	1 K1	CO4			
	(a) Dis	splay of process graphics (b) Network management					
	(c) Ter	mperature monitoring (d) Physical connection to sensors					
17.	In Net	tworked Control Systems (NCS), the primary advantage of using a network is	1 K1	<i>CO5</i>			
	(a) Lo	wer hardware cost (b) Centralized control					
10	(c) En	hanced flexibility and scalability (d) Simplified programming	1 KI	CO5			
10.	(a) Ins	sufficient bandwidth (b) Data privacy and security		005			
	(c) Lac	ck of cloud connectivity (d) Outdated hardware					
19.	Which	n of the following is a key benefit of cloud-based automation?	1 K1	CO5			
	(a) Ree	duced need for cyber security (b) Centralized data access and scalability					
	(c) Lin	mited access to resources (d) Higher latency compared to on-premises solutions					
20.	Which	type of device is NOT typically part of an IoT network?	1 K1	CO5			
	(a) Ser	nsors (b) Actuators (c) Centralized databases (d) Smart cameras					
		$PART - B (10 \times 2 = 20 Marks)$					
		Answer ALL Questions					
21.	Enlist	the advantages of PLC over relay ladder logic.	2 K2	CO1			
22.	What i	is a seal in circuit?	2 <i>K1</i>	COI			
23.	Differe	entiate between an operator and an operand.	2 <i>K2</i>	<i>CO2</i>			
24.	24. Write the structured text instruction for any two logical operations.						
25.	Draw 1	the general block representation of a computer control system.	2 <i>K2</i>	CO3			
26	Justify	the need for Digital control in industries	2 <i>K2</i>	CO3			
20.	What i	is a Distributed Control System (DCS)?	2 KI	CO4			
27. 28	Vilat I	is a Distributed Control System (DCS):	с на с ко	CO4			
20.	Interfa	ace.	2 112	004			
29. Deduce the need for cloud based automation.							
30.	Write	the steps involved in design procedure for plant wide design control.	2 K1	CO5			
		PART - C (6 × 10 = 60 Marks)					
		Answer ALL Questions					
31.	a)	Explain the logic of on delay and off delay timer with neat diagram.	0 K2	CO1			
		OR					
	b)	Design a ladder logic program to control two way traffic using Timer instruction.	0 K2	CO1			
32	a)	What is sequential function chart (SEC) and using it implement any one industrial I	0 K3	<i>CO2</i>			
52.	u)	control sequence with a neat flowchart.					
		OR					
	b)	What is structured text programming in PLC? List out the various (i) Bit instruction ¹ (ii) Arithmetic instruction (iii) Numerical instruction (iv) Program instruction employed in structured text.	0 K2	<i>CO2</i>			
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33.	a)	Explain with neat diagram Direct Digital Control. Also derive the position ¹ algorithm and velocity algorithm.	0 K2	СО3			
		OR					

K1 – Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 – Apply; K4 – Analyze; K5 – Evaluate; K6 – Create

	b)	What are the various functional blocks of computer control system? With neat diagram explain the functioning of computer control system.	10	К2	CO3			
34.	a)	Explain the significance of local control unit in DCS with a neat diagram and discuss about the different configurations of LCU with neat diagram.	10	К2	<i>CO4</i>			
	b)	Explain in detail the concept of interfacing between field device and DCS using HART and Foundation fieldbus protocol.	10	K2	<i>CO4</i>			
35.	a)	Discuss in detail about the framework for networked control system.	10	K2	CO5			
		OR						
	b)	Illustrate the applications of PLC with case study for any one application.	10	K2	<i>CO5</i>			
36.	a) i)	Describe in detail the evolution of DCS.	5	K2	<i>CO</i> 4			
	ii)	Describe in detail about Internet of things (IoT) with neat sketch.	5	K2	CO5			
	OR							
	b) i)	Compare and analyze the various features of hybrid, centralized and distributed control system architecture.	5	K2	<i>CO</i> 4			
	ii)	Detail the design procedure for plant wide control.	5	K2	<i>CO</i> 5			