Reg. No.

**Question Paper Code** 

12181

## B.E. / B.Tech. - DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, NOV / DEC 2023

Seventh Semester

# **Instrumentation and Control Engineering**

(Common to Electronics and Instrumentation Engineering)

## 20ICPW701 - INSTRUMENTATION SYSTEM DESIGN WITH LABORATORY

(Regulations 2020)

**Duration: 3 Hours** 

Max. Marks: 100

# PART - A $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks})$

Answer ALL Ouestions

Marks, K-Level, CO

2.K2.CO3

- 2.K2.CO1 Determine the volume flow rate through a pipe of 150 mm diameter when 1. measured by an orifice plate of size 75 mm diameters. Coefficient of discharge is 0.6.
- Summarize the requirements of Cold Junction Compensation for 2.K2.CO1 2. Thermocouples.
- 2.K2.CO2 3. Indicate some important factors that affect the sensitivity of bourdon gauges.
- 2,K2,CO2 4. A pressure difference of 1.1 psi occurs across a constriction in a 5-cm diameter pipe. The constriction constant is 0.009 cubic metre /s per square root of kpa. Find the flow rate in cubic metre /sec and flow velocity in m/s.
- Classify the Centrifugal Pumps. 5.
- $1 m^3/h$  of water is pumped a head of 10 m. Calculate the theoretical pump 2,K2,CO3 6. power.
- 2,K2,CO4 7. ISA standard for Alarm-ISA 18.2. Give the definition for Alarm put forth by these standards. 2.K2.CO4
- 8. State the purpose of Interlocks.
- 2,K3,CO5 Suggest a controller for Processes where load changes are unlikely and lag 9. time is very small.
- Derivative Controller action is also called rate action and anticipatory 2,K3,CO5 10. action. Why?

# PART - B $(5 \times 13 = 65 \text{ Marks})$

## Answer ALL Questions

6.K2.CO1 (i) Outline the design Guidelines that should be considered when 11. a) designing an analog signal-conditioning system for RTD. (ii) Explain in detail the need for cold junction compensation of 7,K3,CO1 thermocouples and the procedure using RTD.

## OR

- b) Determine the nominal flow velocity V2 at the orifice having a dia of <sup>13,K3,CO1</sup> 20 mm kept in a pipe of 40mm dia. Reynolds number is 10 power 5. Assume density of water = 1000 kg per meter cube and Kinematic Viscosity id 10 power -2 stokes( square cm/ sec). For this given problem also calculate the pressure difference at the tappings. Assume corner tapping is selected. Coefficient of Discharge= 0.61.
- 12. a) (i) A C type bourdon tube made of Monel has r=36.5mm, x=16mm, <sup>7,K3,CO2</sup> y=3 mm,t=0.35mm, Calculate the displacement of the free end if a pressure of 1500kPa is applied. The modulus of elasticity for Monel is 180GN/squ. Meter.
  - (ii) Compare the frequently used materials used for the construction *6,K2,CO2* of Valve bodies and bonnet.

#### OR

- b) Explain in detail about valve flow characteristics with necessary <sup>13,K2,CO2</sup> diagrams and equation for coefficient of discharge and stem movement.
- 13. a) (i) State the reasons for the causes of cavitations in centrifugal Pumps. 6,K2,CO3
  - (ii) Enumerate the Priming sequences for Positive Suction Head in a <sup>7,K2,CO3</sup> Pump.

### OR

- b) Use the simplest equation to calculate the thickness for a 6 NPS pipe <sup>13,K3,CO3</sup> (6.625 Do) at 875 psi pressure and allowable stress of 23,000 psi. Assume you want to bend the pipe with a bend radius of three times the nominal size, or 18 inch. in diameter. Calculate the new Thickness.
- 14. a) Explain the functionality of various types of Interlocks. Also discuss <sup>13,K4,CO4</sup> the need for Alarm and Annunciator in Process Industries.

#### OR

- b) Develop with interfacing diagram Microcontroller Based Data 13,K4,CO4 Acquisition System.
- 15. a) Design a proportional integral controller with a proportional band of  $^{13,K4,CO5}$ 30% and an integration gain of 0.1% / (%-s). The 4- to 20-mA input converts to 0.4 to 2V signal, and the output is to be 0 – 10 V. Calculate values of G<sub>P</sub>, G<sub>I</sub>, R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>1</sub> and C respectively.

### OR

b) A proportional - derivative controller has a 0.4 to 2.0V input <sup>13,K4,CO5</sup> measurement range, a 0 to 5V output,  $K_P=5\%$  / %, and  $K_D=0.08\%$  per (%-min). The period of the fastest expected signal change is 1.5S. Implement this controller with a op amp circuit.

## **PART - C (1 × 15 = 15 Marks)**

16. a) Computer based control Algorithms are more common in Process <sup>15,K4,CO4</sup> Industries .Develop algorithms with necessary flow chart for the implementation of discrete PID controller of a Temperature Process.

### OR

b) A temperature- Control system inputs the controlled variable as a range <sup>15,K4,CO5</sup> from 0 to 4V. The output is a heater requiring 0 to 8V. A PID is to be used with  $K_P=24\%$  / %,  $K_I=9\%$  (%-min),  $K_D=0.7\%$  / (%-min). The period of the fastest expected change is estimated to be 8s. Develop the PID Circuit.