| | Reg. No. | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|-------|------------|------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Question Paper Code12825 | | | | | | | | | |
| | B.E. / B.Tech. / M.Tech DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, APRIL / MAY | Y 20 | 24 | | | | | | | |
| | Fourth Semester | | | | | | | | | |
| Information Technology | | | | | | | | | | |
| (Co | (Common to Computer Science and Engineering, Computer Science and Engineering(AIML), | | | | | | | | | |
| Computer Science and Engineering(IoT), Artificial Intelligence and Data Science & M.Tech - | | | | | | | | | | |
| Computer Science and Engineering) | | | | | | | | | | |
| 20ITPC401 – DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Regulations - 2020 | | | | | | | | | |
| Dur | ation: 3 Hours Max. | Ma | ks: | 100 | | | | | | |
| | $PART - A (10 \times 2 = 20 Marks)$ | Marks | <u>K</u> - | . со | | | | | | |
| 1 | Aliswei ALL Questions | 2 | | CO1 | | | | | | |
| | Define best, worst and average time complexity. | _ | | | | | | | | |
| | Define the concepts of asymptotic notations and its properties. | 2 | | CO1 | | | | | | |
| | State Brute force approach. | 2 | | CO2 | | | | | | |
| | You are given a knapsack that can carry a maximum weight of 60. There are | 2 | K2 | <i>CO2</i> | | | | | | |
| | 4 items with weights {20, 30, 40, 70} and values {70, 80, 90, 200}. What is the maximum value of the items you can carry using the knapsack? | | | | | | | | | |
| | The following methods can be used to solve the Knapsack problem? | | | | | | | | | |
| | Write the difference between Greedy Method and Dynamic Programming. | 2 | K2 | CO3 | | | | | | |
| 6. | What is multistage graph? | 2 | K1 | CO3 | | | | | | |
| | List the three properties of flow networks. | 2 | K1 | CO5 | | | | | | |
| | Define Ford – Fulkerson Method. | 2 | K1 | CO5 | | | | | | |
| 9. | Define P and NP Problems. | 2 | <i>K1</i> | <i>CO6</i> | | | | | | |
| 10 | Define backtracking. | 2 | K1 | <i>CO6</i> | | | | | | |

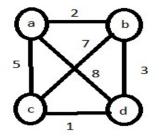
PART - B $(5 \times 13 = 65 \text{ Marks})$

Answer ALL Questions

 a) Give the General Plan for Analyzing the Time Efficiency of Recursive ¹³ K² CO1 Algorithms and use recurrence to find number of moves for Towers of Hanoi problem n.

OR

b) If $f(n)=2n^2+5$ and $g(n)=n^2$, find the best case, worst case and average 13 K2 CO1 case.



ii) Find the optimal solution for the following knapsack problem

| | Item | Weight | Value |
|---|------|--------|-------|
| | 1 | 2 | \$1 |
| | 2 | 3 | \$2 |
| | 3 | 4 | \$8 |
| | 4 | 5 | \$6 |
| 0 | | | |

Capacity W=8.

OR

- b) i) Explain the concepts of Brute force string matching Algorithm. 7 K2 CO2
 - ii) Explain the concepts of Closest pair problems by brute force. 6 K2 CO2
- 13. a) Apply the bottom up dynamic programming algorithm to the ¹³ K3 CO3 following instance of Knapsack Problem.

| Item | Weight | Value |
|------|--------|-------|
| 1 | 7 | \$42 |
| 2 | 3 | \$12 |
| 3 | 4 | \$40 |
| 4 | 5 | \$25 |

subject

Capacity W=10

OR

b) Explain in detail about Binomial coefficient with an example. 13 K3 CO3

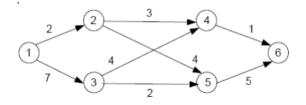
14. a) Maximize:

Z=10x1+15x2+20x3

to $2x1+4x2+6x3 \le 24$ and

$3x1+9x2+6x3 \le 30$ where $x1,x2,x3 \ge 0$.

b) Illustrate pictorially the Ford –Fulkerson method by showing the flow ¹³ K² CO5 augmenting paths in bold for the given flow network.



2

K1 – Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 – Apply; K4 – Analyze; K5 – Evaluate; K6 – Create

13

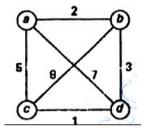
K2 CO5

7 K2 CO2

15. a) Elaborate how backtracking technique can be used to solve the n- ¹³ K2 CO6 queens problem. Explain with an example.

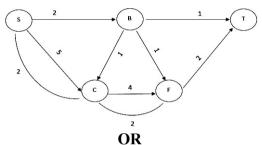
OR

b) Apply Branch and Bound algorithm to solve the travelling salesman ¹³ K² CO6 problem for



PART - C (1 × 15 = 15 Marks)

16. a) Compute single source shortest path using floyd's method with its ¹⁵ K3 CO3 algorithm.



b) Define merge sort. Sort the numbers 6, 5, 11, 9, 24, 7, 8, 3, 4 using 15 K3 CO3 merge sort.