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Question Paper Code	14276
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M.E. / M.Tech. - DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, NOV / DEC 2025

First Semester

M.E. - Industrial Safety Engineering

24PISPC103 - OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE

Regulations - 2024

Duration: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 100

PART - A (MCQ) (10 × 1 = 10 Marks)

Answer ALL Questions

	<i>Marks</i>	<i>K- Level</i>	<i>CO</i>
1. The instrument used to analyse noise into different frequency bands is called (a) Dosimeter (b) Sound level meter (c) Octave band analyser (d) Vibration meter	1	K1	CO1
2. Which type of vibration is mainly caused by the use of handheld power tools like grinders and drills? (a) Whole-body vibration (b) Hand-arm vibration (c) Rotational vibration (d) Surface vibration	1	K1	CO1
3. Which of the following is an example of an engineering control for air contaminants? (a) Job rotation (b) Local exhaust ventilation (c) Worker training (d) Use of respirators	1	K1	CO2
4. A personal air sampling pump is used to: (a) Measure sound pressure level (b) Collect air samples directly from a worker's breathing zone (c) Detect gas leaks in machinery (d) Monitor temperature and humidity	1	K1	CO2
5. The main function of a biological safety cabinet (BSC) is to: (a) Filter and sterilize laboratory glassware (b) Provide protection to personnel, product, and environment from biohazards (c) Store biological samples safely (d) Control chemical vapors in fume hoods	1	K1	CO3
6. Which of the following is NOT a component of a biohazard control program? (a) Employee health program (b) Animal care and handling procedures (c) Regular calibration of electrical instruments (d) Laboratory safety program	1	K1	CO3
7. Silicosis is an occupational disease caused by prolonged inhalation of: (a) Asbestos fibers (b) Coal dust (c) Silica dust (d) Iron oxide fumes	1	K1	CO4
8. The secondary level of prevention in occupational health aims at: (a) Promoting general health and preventing disease occurrence (b) Early detection and prompt treatment of disease (c) Rehabilitation of affected workers (d) Enforcing safety legislation only	1	K1	CO4
9. Aerobic work primarily depends on: (a) Oxygen supply and endurance capacity (b) Anaerobic glycolysis (c) High-intensity, short-duration effort (d) Mental concentration only	1	K1	CO5
10. The main purpose of rest pauses during work is to: (a) Decrease motivation (b) Increase fatigue (c) Allow recovery from physiological strain and reduce fatigue (d) Disturb work continuity	1	K1	CO6

PART - B (12 × 2 = 24 Marks)

Answer ALL Questions

11. Compare physical and chemical hazards.	2	K1	CO1
12. State "Chill Index".	2	K2	CO1

K1 – Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 – Apply; K4 – Analyze; K5 – Evaluate; K6 – Create

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| 13. Differentiate exposure and dose in chemical hazards. | 2 | K1 | CO2 |
| 14. How to identify gas leakage? | 2 | K1 | CO2 |
| 15. Represent the significance of laboratory safety program. | 2 | K1 | CO3 |
| 16. Expand CTS and give its mean. | 2 | K2 | CO3 |
| 17. Give example for anaerobic. | 2 | K1 | CO4 |
| 18. Write the uses of shift work. | 2 | K1 | CO4 |
| 19. Give the impact of Physiology. | 2 | K1 | CO5 |
| 20. Represent the industrial definition “ rest pause” . | 2 | K1 | CO5 |
| 21. List any two air sampling instruments used in industrial hygiene. | 2 | K1 | CO6 |
| 22. Why study of industrial health is necessary in Indian industry? | 2 | K1 | CO6 |

PART - C (6 × 11 = 66 Marks)

Answer ALL Questions

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| 23. a) Explain the principle of industrial audiometry, hearing conservation and ionizing radiation with examples. | 11 | K2 | CO1 |
| OR | | | |
| b) Discuss the following terms in fact of physical hazards | 11 | K2 | CO1 |
| 1. Control measure for hot environments | | | |
| 2. Radio waves and lasers | | | |
| 3. TLV Environments | | | |
| 24. a) Classify air sampling instruments. Explain its function with example. Mention its merits and demerits in chemical hazards. | 11 | K3 | CO2 |
| OR | | | |
| b) Explicate design maintenance consideration and specifications with one case study. Also, give the procedure for training and education for control sampling methods. | 11 | K3 | CO2 |
| 25. a) Explain the biological hazard agents and its effects with industrial example and analysis its usage for workers. | 11 | K3 | CO3 |
| OR | | | |
| b) Discuss the concept of work related Musculoskeletal Disorder with industry case study and summarize a interpretation results from case. | 11 | K3 | CO3 |
| 26. a) Explain the functional units and activities of occupational health service with case study of an employment medical examinations. | 11 | K3 | CO4 |
| OR | | | |
| b) Explain the symptoms, causes and preventive measures of asbestosis. | 11 | K3 | CO4 |
| 27. a) Elaborate the duties of an employer in maintaining occupational safety. | 11 | K3 | CO5 |
| OR | | | |
| b) Explain the physiological effects of stress, strain, and fatigue on industrial workers. Suggest suitable control and preventive measures to maintain efficiency. | 11 | K3 | CO5 |
| 28. a) Explain the main functions and activities of occupational health services. How are pre-employment and regular medical check-ups carried out? | 11 | K3 | CO6 |
| OR | | | |
| b) Explain the concept of toxic materials and protective mechanisms with case study of measuring and evaluation health hazards. | 11 | K3 | CO6 |