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Question Paper Code	13411
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B.E. / B.Tech. - DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, APRIL / MAY 2025

Eighth Semester

Mechanical and Automation Engineering

20MUPE803 - INDUSTRIAL PROCESS AUTOMATION

Regulations - 2020

Duration: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 100

PART - A (MCQ) (10 × 1 = 10 Marks)

Answer ALL Questions

- | | <i>Marks</i> | <i>K – Level</i> | <i>CO</i> |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------------------|-----------|
| 1. A Programmable Logic Controller's (PLC) primary purpose is.....
(a) Managing enterprise-level business processes
(b) providing real-time process control and automation
(c) Storing historical data for analysis
(d) Designing human-machine interfaces | 1 | K1 | CO1 |
| 2. In a Modbus RTU network, how many nodes may be added at once?
(a) 32 devices (b) 64 devices (c) 247 devices (d) 1000 devices | 1 | K1 | CO1 |
| 3. A hygrometer is used to measure
(a) Pressure (b) Flow rate (c) Humidity (d) Displacement | 1 | K1 | CO2 |
| 4. An LVDT (Linear Variable Differential Transformer) is primarily used to measure
(a) Temperature (b) Displacement (c) Pressure (d) Humidity | 1 | K1 | CO2 |
| 5. When it comes to measurement and control systems, which computer component is absolutely necessary for interacting with sensors?
(a) Graphics card (b) Sound card
(c) Microcontroller or Data Acquisition System (DAQ) (d) Keyboard | 1 | K1 | CO3 |
| 6. To what extent does measurement and control make use of man-machine interfaces (MMIs)?
(a) A mechanical lever (b) A touch screen control panel
(c) A pneumatic valve (d) A simple LED light | 1 | K1 | CO3 |
| 7. In an SFC, what are the main components that define the sequence of operations?
(a) Timers and Counters (b) Steps and Transitions
(c) Relays and Contacts (d) Sensors and Actuators | 1 | K1 | CO4 |
| 8. Communication protocol is commonly used for PLC networking-----
(a) RS-232 (b) Ethernet/IP (c) USB 3.0 (d) Bluetooth | 1 | K1 | CO4 |
| 9. ----- is the main communication protocol used in modern DCS systems?
(a) Ethernet/IP (b) PROFIBUS (c) MODBUS (d) All of the above | 1 | K1 | CO5 |
| 10. In a DCS, which software tool is primarily used for designing and configuring process control strategies?
(a) SCADA Editor (b) Function Block Programming (FBP)
(c) Database Management System (d) Web Browser | 1 | K1 | CO5 |

PART - B (12 × 2 = 24 Marks)

Answer ALL Questions

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|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|----|-----|
| 11. List the key components of a SCADA system. | 2 | K1 | CO1 |
| 12. Write the advantages of automation in modern industries. | 2 | K1 | CO1 |
| 13. Give one example each of an open-loop and a closed-loop control system. | 2 | K1 | CO1 |
| 14. Why is a Hall effect sensor used in speed measurement? | 2 | K1 | CO2 |
| 15. List the function of a process control valve in an industrial system. | 2 | K1 | CO2 |
| 16. Differentiate between pneumatic actuator and hydraulic actuator. | 2 | K2 | CO2 |

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|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|----|-----|
| 17. How do computers improve accuracy in measurement systems? | 2 | K1 | CO3 |
| 18. In the context of computer-assisted measurement, what does a Data Acquisition System (DAQ) do? | 2 | K1 | CO3 |
| 19. What are the key elements of a Sequential Flow Chart (SFC)? | 2 | K1 | CO4 |
| 20. Mention two major advantages of using PLCs in industrial automation. | 2 | K1 | CO4 |
| 21. List any two key advantages of using a DCS in industrial automation. | 2 | K1 | CO5 |
| 22. Write the main components of a DCS? Mention any two. | 2 | K1 | CO5 |

PART - C (6 × 11 = 66 Marks)

Answer ALL Questions

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|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|----|-----|
| 23. a) Discuss the requirements for automation systems and their role in modern industrial processes. | 11 | K2 | CO1 |
| OR | | | |
| b) Explain the architecture, components, and applications of SCADA systems in industrial automation. | 11 | K2 | CO1 |
| 24. a) Describe the different pressure sensors, their working principles, and applications. | 11 | K2 | CO2 |
| OR | | | |
| b) Discuss the different flow measurement techniques, their advantages, and applications. | 11 | K2 | CO2 |
| 25. a) Discuss the advantages and limitations of using computers in measurement and control systems. | 11 | K2 | CO3 |
| OR | | | |
| b) Explain the benefits and challenges of implementing IoT in plant automation. | 11 | K2 | CO3 |
| 26. a) Compare the functions and advantages of using PLCs in industrial automation in detail. | 11 | K2 | CO4 |
| OR | | | |
| b) Compare Sequential Flow Chart (SFC) with Ladder Logic in PLC programming. | 11 | K2 | CO4 |
| 27. a) Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of a Distributed Control System. | 11 | K2 | CO5 |
| OR | | | |
| b) Explain redundancy in DCS and its role in improving system reliability. | 11 | K2 | CO5 |
| 28. a) (i) Compare MTU and RTU. | 6 | K2 | CO4 |
| (ii) Discuss the communication protocols. | 5 | K2 | CO5 |
| OR | | | |
| b) (i) Explain an SFC-based PLC program for an automatic washing machine process. | 6 | K2 | CO4 |
| (ii) Summarise the significance of SCADA in industrial automation. | 5 | K2 | CO5 |