	Reg. No.								
	Question Paper Code 13120								
	B.E. / B.Tech DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, NOV / DEC 2024								
	First Semester								
	Civil Engineering								
	(Common to All Branches Excent (SBS)								
	200820H101 ENCINEEDINC DEVELOS								
	20051 HI01 - ENGINEERING FHISICS								
Regulations - 2020									
Duration: 3 Hours Max									
	PART - A (MCQ) $(20 \times 1 = 20 \text{ Marks})$	Marks	K – Level	со					
1	Answer ALL Questions	1	K1	CO1					
1.	(a) $A$ (b) 1 (c) $A$ (d) 3	1		001					
2	$\begin{array}{c} (a) 4 \\ (b) 1 \\ (c) 0 \\ (d) 5 \\$	1	K1	CO1					
۷.	(a) 1 (b) 2 (c) 4 (d) 6			001					
3	The number of Bravais lattices is	1	K1	<i>CO1</i>					
5.	(a) $256$ (b) 7 (c) 14 (d) 32								
4.	What is the role of Helium atoms in Carbon dioxide lasers?	1	K1	<i>CO2</i>					
	(a) to populate carbon dioxide molecule (b) to depopulate carbon dioxide molecule								
	(c) act as a coolant (d) All the above								
5.	Which one of the following lasers belongs to a heterojunction semiconductor laser?	1	K1	<i>CO2</i>					
	(a) GaAs laser (b) InP laser (c) GaAs-GaAlAs laser (d) GaAlAs laser								
6.	The applications of Carbon dioxide lasers are	1	K1	<i>CO2</i>					
	(a) Industry (b) Remote sensing (c) Medical (d) All the above								
7.	Which of the following is not a characteristic of LASERS?	1	K1	СО3					
	(a) Monochromatic (b) Coherent (c) Divergent (d) Intense								
8.	An example of active sensor is	1	K1	СОЗ					
	(a)Pressure sensor (b) Temperature sensor (c) Displacement sensor (d) Both (a) and (b).								
9.	. In a graded-index fiber, the refractive index								
	(a) Varies with distance from the optic axis								
	(b) Does not vary with distance from optic axis								
	(c) Varies only for some distance from optic axis								
10	(d) depends on the color of the wavelength of light used.	,	V 1	<i>CO</i> 1					
10.	Strain has	1	ΛI	04					
	(a) No units (b) No dimensions (d) No write and dimensions								
11	(c) Only units and dimensions (d) No units and dimensions.	1	K1	CO4					
11.	(a) Change in volume/original volume (b) Change in area/original area	1	IX I	004					
	(a) Change in length / original length (b) Change in displacement /original nosition								
12	The unit of stress is	1	K1	<i>CO</i> 4					
12.	(a) Pascal (b) Newton/ $m^2$ (c) Newton (d) both (a) and (b)			007					
13	Compton effect is based on collision of	1	K1	CO5					
15.	(a) Particle-Particle (b) Wave-Particle (c) Particle-wave (d) Wave-Wave								
14	G.P. Thomson experiment proved the wave nature of particle by observing the	1	K1	<i>CO5</i>					
1.11	phenomenon of	•							
	(a) Polarization (b) Refraction (c) Interference (d) Diffraction								
15.	Wavelength of the particle	1	K1	<i>CO5</i>					
-	k h h								
	$\frac{n}{mv}$ $kT$ $\frac{mv}{kT}$								
	(a) (b) (c) (d) (d)								

16.	By Pla	anck's theory, ground state energy of an atom is $V_{(d)}(b) = V_{(d)}(c) = V_{(d)}(c) = V_{(d)}(c)$	1	K1	CO5					
17.	Heat Heat	is transferred from one end to another without the necessity of the intervening	1	K1	<i>CO6</i>					
	(a) Co	onduction (b) Convection (c) Radiation (d) Forced Convection								
18.	Expar	ision in length of the solids is called as	1	K1	<i>CO</i> 6					
	(a) $V($	blume expansion (b) Superficial expansion								
10	(c) Cl Bimat	(d) Linear expansion (d) Linear expansion	1	K1	C06					
19.	$(a) \pm 2$	$2\%$ to $5\%$ (b) $\pm 2\%$ to $4\%$ (c) $\pm 2\%$ to $6\%$ (d) $\pm 2\%$ to $3\%$	1	<u>K</u> 1	000					
20.	Unit o	of coefficient of thermal conductivity $K^{-1}$ (1) $K^{-1}K^{-1}$ (1) $K^{-1}K^{-1}$	1	K1	<i>CO</i> 6					
	(a) w	$\mathbf{K} \qquad (\mathbf{b}) \mathbf{m} \mathbf{K} \qquad (\mathbf{c}) \mathbf{w} \mathbf{m} \mathbf{K} \qquad (\mathbf{d}) \mathbf{K}$								
		PART - B $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks})$ Answer ALL Questions								
21.	What	are Bravais Lattices?	2	K1	COI					
22.	Defin	e atomic radius.	2	K1	COI					
23.	What	is meant by population inversion?	2	K1	CO2					
24	Sumn	parize the vibration modes involved in producing $CO_2$ laser	2	K2	CO2					
25	Defin	e total internal reflection	2	K1	CO3					
25. 26	Classi	fy the fibres based on mode	2	K2	CO3					
20. 27	Evola	inPoisson's ratio	2	К2	<i>CO</i> 4					
27.	What	are L-shape girders?	2	K1	CO4					
20. 20	Write	downthe physical significance of wave function	2	K1	CO5					
29. 30	What	arehimetallic strin?	2	KI	CO6					
50.	vv IIat									
		<b>PART - C</b> ( $6 \times 10 = 60$ Marks) Answer ALL Questions								
31.	a)	Examine the BCC and FCC structures and derive the number of atoms, Co-	10	K2	COI					
	)	ordination number, atomic radius and packing factor.								
	b)	Explain the Czocharalski's method to grow single crystals.	10	K2	C01					
22	- )	Device the second size for the Direction?	10	K٦	cor					
32.	a)	emissions	10	K2	002					
	OR									
	b)	Outline the principle, construction and working of a Semiconductor laser.	10	K2	<i>CO2</i>					
33.	a)	Develop the expressions for the acceptance angle and numerical aperture. OR	10	K2	CO3					
	b)	Illustrate with example the working of a fiber optic pressure and displacement sensors	10	K2	СО3					
		5013015.								
34.	a)	Deduce an expression for the couple to produce a unit twist in a long cylindrical wire fixed at one end.	10	K2	<i>CO4</i>					
	1.)	Obtain averagion for the domession of the local day of for the formation of the	10	кſ	$CO^{4}$					
	6)	end is fixed as summing that its own weight is not effective in bending.	10	K2	0.04					
35.	a)	Derive an expression for the wavelength of the scattered photon in Compton	10	K2	CO5					
		effect.								

K1 – Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 – Apply; K4 – Analyze; K5 – Evaluate; K6 – Create

- b) Derive Schrodinger's wave equation for a particle in a box. Solve it to obtain 10 K2 CO5 Eigen Value.
- 36. a) Describe Lee's disc method for determining thermal conductivity of bad <sup>10</sup> K2 CO6 conductors.

b) Write a short note on (i) Solar water heater (ii) Refrigerator 10 K2 CO6