13487

Question Paper Code

B.E. / B.Tech. - DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, APRIL / MAY 2025

Sixth Semester

Artificial Intelligence and Data Science

(Common to Computer Science and Engineering (AIML))

20AIEL605 - CRYPTOGRAPHY AND NETWORK SECURITY

Regulations - 2020

Du	Max. Marks: 100								
	Manks	K	0						
	Answer ALL Questions		K- Level CO						
1.	Which of the following is a substitution technique?	1	KI CO)]					
2	(a) Vigenère cipher (b) DES (c) RC4 (d) RSA	1	KI CO) 1					
2.	What is the main goal of steganography? (a) Data encryption (b) Data hiding (c) Authentication (d) Key generation	1	KI CO	'1					
3.	(a) Data encryption (b) Data hiding (c) Authentication (d) Key generation The Euclidean algorithm is used to:	1	K1 CO)2					
٥.	(a) Find inverse mod n (b) Test primarily (c) Find GCD (d) Factor numbers								
4.	What is the block size of AES?	1	K1 CO)2					
	(a) 56 bits (b) 128 bits (c) 64 bits (d) 192 bits								
5.	The Chinese Remainder Theorem is useful in:	1	KI CO	13					
_	(a) AES (b) Diffie-Hellman (c) ECC (d) RSA	1	KI CO						
6.	Which algorithm uses two large prime numbers?	1	K1 CO	13					
7.	(a) RC4 (b) DES (c) RSA (d) MD5 Which is a message authentication code?	1	K1 CO)4					
7.	(a) MD5 (b) SHA-1 (c) HMAC (d) RSA								
8.	Kerberos is used for:	1	K1 CO)4					
	(a) Encryption (b) Authentication (c) Integrity (d) Hashing								
9.	Which protocol secures email communication?	1	K1 CO	15					
1.0	(a) SSL (b) TLS (c) S/MIME (d) IPsec	1	VI CO	16					
10.	Firewalls are primarily used to: (a) From the data (b) Authorized against a place when the data (c) Provent which		K1 CO	10					
	(a) Encrypt data (b) Authenticate users (c) Block unauthorized access (d) Prevent phish	ing							
$PART - B (12 \times 2 = 24 Marks)$									
Answer ALL Questions									
11.	Define perfect security.	2	KI CO)]					
12.	List the different types of network security attacks.	2	K1 CO)]					
13.	State and explain Euler's Theorem.	2	K2 CO)2					
14.	What are the design principles of a block cipher?	2	K2 CO)2					
15.	Explain the role of key distribution in RSA.	2	K2 CO)3					
16.	Differentiate between symmetric and asymmetric cryptography.	2	K2 CO)3					
17.	Define digital signature.	2	KI CO)4					
18.	What are the features of X.509 authentication service?	2	K2 CO)4					
19.	Write short notes on PGP.	2	K2 CO)5					
	Mention any four types of malicious software.	2	KI CO)5					
	What is the role of an Intrusion Detection System?	2	K2 CO)6					
	Write a short note on firewall types.	2	K2 CO)6					
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PART - C $(6 \times 11 = 66 \text{ Marks})$

Answer ALL Questions

23.	a)	Explain the classical encryption techniques with examples.	11	K2	CO1
		OR			
	b)	Explain the model for network security with neat diagram.	11	K2	CO1
24.	a)	Explain in detail about Groups, Rings and Fields.	11	K2	CO2
		OR			
	b)	Describe Modulo Arithmetic operations and properties in detail.	11	K2	CO2
25.	a)	Explain Chinese Remainder Theorem to solve the system: $x \equiv 2 \mod 3$, $x \equiv 3 \mod 5$,	11	K2	СОЗ
		$x \equiv 2 \mod 7$.			
	1 \		11	K2	CO3
	b)	Describe RSA algorithm to perform encryption and decryption using RSA algorithm for the following: p=7 q=11, e=7, M=9.	11	K2	COS
26.	a)	Describe in detail the key generation in AES algorithm and its expansion format.	11	K2	CO4
		OR			
	b)	Explain the key distribution and key management of public key encryption in detail.	11	K2	CO4
27.	a)	Explain briefly about the architecture and certification mechanisms in Kerberos and X.509.	11	К3	CO5
		OR			
	b)	Discuss about the steps involved in Signature generation and Verification functions of DSS.	11	К3	CO5
28.	a)	Illustrate the various types of firewalls with neat diagrams.	11	K2	CO6
OR					
	b)	Describe how S/MIME is used to secure email.	11	<i>K</i> 2	CO6